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Final

Meeting Minutes Transmittal/Approval Unit Manager's Meeting: 100 Aggregate Area/100 Area Operable Units 740 Stevens Center, Room 1200, Richland, Washington July 28, 1993

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FROM/APPROVAL		Date 8/25/93 Goller, 100 Area Unit Manager, RL (A5-19)
APPROVAL:	Jack W. I	Donnelly, 100 Aggregate Area Unit Manager, WA Department of Ecology
APPROVAL:	Dennis F	Date V- Date Date V- Date Date V- Date
Meeting Minutes ar	e attached.	Minutes are comprised of the following:
Attachment	#1 -	Meeting Summary
Attachment		Attendance Sheet
Attachment		Agenda
Attachment		Action Item Status List
Attachment	#5 -	Status Package 100 Area Unit Manager's Meeting July 28, 1993
Attachment	#6 -	100-NR-1 Surface Rad Survey
Attachment	#7 -	100 D Island Radiological Characterization
Attachment	#8 -	Tri-Party Agreement Milestone M-30-05
Attachment		100 Area Treatability Tests Schedule
Attachment		Laboratory Soil Washing Treatability Tests
Attachment		100-HR-3 Groundwater Treatability Tests
Attachment		100-HR-3 Groundwater Treatability Test Memorandum
Attachment		Request for Laboratory Space and Support
Attachment		100-HR-3 OU LFI Groundwater Investigation Validated Data Memorandum
Attachment	#15 -	Ex Situ Soil Vitrification
Attachment	#16 -	100 Area ISV Pilot-Scale Treatability Study for Retrieved Burial Ground Waste
Attachment	#17 -	Status of 100-NR-1 and 100-NR-2 OU Work Plans
Attachment	#18 -	Field Activity Report for period 07/14/93 to 07/23/93
Attachment	#19 -	100 NPL Agreement/Change Control Form #54
Prepared by:	Suzanno	Clarke, Kay Kimmel, GSSC (A4-35)
Concurrence by:	R	Date: 8/25/93 Ckel, WHC Coordinator (H6-02)

Attachment #1 Meeting and Summary of Commitments and Agreements

Unit Manager's Meeting: 100 Aggregate Area/100 Area Operable Units July 28, 1993

- 1. SIGNING OF THE JUNE 100 AREA UNIT MANAGER'S MEETING MINUTES Minutes were reviewed and approved with no changes.
- 2. ACTION ITEM UPDATE: (See Attachment 4 for complete status, items listed below indicate the update to Action Items made during the meeting):

1AAMS.9 No additional information.

1AAMS.15 No additional information.

1AAMS.16 No additional information.

- 3. NEW ACTION ITEMS: No new action items were initiated this month.
- 4. 100 AREA ACTIVITIES:

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- Attachment #5 was provided for general information on the 100 Areas Operable Units.
- N Area Hot Spots: Alan Krug discussed completion of the survey to identify surface radiation at 100-NR-1. A "Rad Rover II" with a shielded detection system was utilized to identify hot spots in areas that could not be surveyed with unshielded detectors due to the high background levels (see attachment #6).
- <u>D Island</u>: Alan Krug discussed results of the survey and removal of extremely small "hot particles" (see attachment #7).
- Milestone 30-05: Robert E. Peterson presented an update of activities being performed to fulfill the M-30-05 Milestone (see attachment #8).
- 100-HR-1 Excavation Treatability Study: Joan Woolard presented the status of the excavation test plan; a meeting to resolve comments is scheduled for 9-10 am on Friday, July 30. Comments on the test procedures are anticipated from the Regulators by August 2 (see attachment #9 for schedule).
- <u>Laboratory Soil Washing Treatability Test Status</u>: Shas Mattigod presented the status of the 100 Area soil washing tests (See attachment #10). He provided a summary of the data for untreated soil and indicated that the results from the treated soil are not yet available.
- 100-HR-3 Treatability Study: Jim Duncan presented the status of the groundwater treatability tests (see attachment #11). He supplied a memorandum concerning modifications to the precipitation testing program (attachment #12) and a procedure for those modifications (attachment #13). 100-

HR-3 validated data was provided to the Regulators (see attachment #14).

- Ex Situ Vitrification: John Ludowise discussed the on-site and off-site progress in ex-situ soil vitrification (see attachment #15).
- 100 Area ISV Pilot-Scale Treatability Study for Retrieved Burial Ground Waste: Ja-Kael Luey presented an overview of this pilot-scale treatability study (see attachment #16).
- N-Reactor Shutdown: Alan Krug presented minutes and update from the June 29, 1993 meeting with RL and the Regulators (see attachment #17). Some discussion on Action Item 1AAMS.9: Bryan Foley, the new actionee, will look into the action item.
- 100-HR-2 Treatability Study: Ecology is interested in initiating some treatability studies in this operable unit. They will provide a list of objectives within two weeks.
- Attachments: Field Activity Report for the period 07/14/93 through 07/23/93 was provided as attachment #18; 100 NPL Agreement/Change Control Form 54, 100 HR-3 Reduced Sample List was provided as attachment #19.

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100 Aggregate Area Unit Manager's Meeting Official Attendance Record July 28, 1993

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PRINTED NAME	ORGANIZATION	O.U. ROLE	TELEPHONE
Pamela Innis	EPA	UNI MANAGER	376-4919
Larry Gadbois	EPA	Unit Marager	376-7884
Chick Cline	Ecology	HyDROGED Suppor	(206) 438-7556
Yed Wooley		unitma	736-3012
Cary Freedman	Ecology	Unit Manager	716-3026
o Allon C. Harrs	RL	DF5	376-4339
- P.D. Mix	WHC-	DeD	316-0187
Ben Wyrick Kevin Pallet	WHC	DED	376-506G
Levis Paret	655	RL Support	
. Nancy Lane	WHC	Kisk Assessment	376-3975
BOB PETERSON	WHC/GEOSCIENCES	100 AREAS GROWTH	? <i>376-5858</i>
TED KARR	WHC	PROGRAM CONTROL	376-1702
- Keun Kytola	WHC	100-801/2	372 -1662
DAVID L. SMITH	w He	Daw D / RARA	3-57 2 9
· Evic Goller	RL	100 Avec Unilluge	6-7826
Bryan Febru	RC	180-NR 1 & NK-Z. LINIT MANAGERZ	376-7087
DICK BIGGERSTAFF	WHC	KR4 \$ 100 grass Grandwater	6563f
alland, Kruy	witc	100 Avea SourceOUS	6-5634
John Ludowise	WHC	100 Area Treatability studios	376-6470
Brian Drost	0565	EPA Sexpert	206-593-6570
JOAN WOLLARD	WITC	l () An A	376-2539
SHAS MATTIGOD	PNL	ه)	376-4311
JA-KAEL LUEY	PNL	,	376-5740
Jon JONES	PNL	PROUNTM OFFICE	375-2710
KAYKIMMEL	MACTEC (D&M)		376-1985
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100 Aggregate Area Unit Manager's Meeting Official Attendance Record July 28, 1993

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Please print clearly and use black ink PRINTED NAME	ORGANIZATION	O.U. ROLE	TELEPHONE
Suzanne Clarke	Pames & Moore	CSSC to Pw	376-8189
Jim Dyvenn	WWC	100 HR 3	372-0896
Bos Henckel	WHC	100 AREA	376-269)
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Attachment #3 Agenda

Unit Manager's Meeting: 100 Aggregate Area/100 Area Operable Units July 28, 1993

100 Area General Discussions

• M-	30-05 -	Robert E	. Peterson
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- N Area Hot Spots Robert Henckel/Alan Krug
- D Island Robert Henckel/Alan Krug
- Treatability Studies

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- 100-HR-1 Excavation Treatability Study Jil Frain
- Soil Washing Treatability Study Jim Field
- 100-HR-3 Treatability Study Jim Duncan

Operable Unit Status - Questions - Naiknimbalkar/Ayres/Krug/Steve Vukelich/Jim Roberts/Kytola

Action Item Status

Attachment #4

Unit Manager's Meeting: 100 Aggregate Area/100 Area Operable Units July 28, 1993

Action Item Status List

ITEM NO.	ACTION	STATUS
1AAMS.9	DOE shall send a letter to Ecology, suggested from S. H. Wisness to D. Jansen with a cc. to EPA, explaining what is included in the ER Program for the N Reactor Area and how the multiple programs will be handled organizationally. Action to J. D. Goodenough (2/27/92). Action: E. D. Goller (5/27/92). Action: Bryan Foley (7/28/93).	Open. Related to the N Areas Issues Papers. No answer 7/29/92. No additional information (8/26/92). On General Topics Agenda for October (9/23/92). No new information (July 28, 1993).
1AAMS.15	Provide response to April 2 EPA letter concerning river seeps. Action: Eric Goller (RL) 7/29/92.	Open (7/29/92). In DOE for transmittal (8/26/92). No additional information (July 28, 1993).
1AAMS.16	DOE should transmit Revision 1 of M-30-01.	Open (7/29/92). In DOE for transmittal (8/26/92). No additional information (July 28, 1993).

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STATUS PACKAGE 100 AREA UNIT MANAGER'S MEETING JULY 28, 1993

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100 AREA TREATABILITY TEST STATUS July 1993, Unit Managers Meeting

Soil Washing

100 Area soil washing tests are on schedule, except for the gamma counter being down for repairs from late June to mid July. Analyses of wet sieved samples are in progress. Preliminary attrition scrubbing tests have been completed. Additional attrition tests are in progress. Sequential extraction tests are nearly completed; results will be presented in the July Unit Manager Meeting. The first group of chemical extraction tests have started, and microscopic analyses and x-ray diffraction are in progress. All tests are expected to be completed by the end of September.

100-HR-3 Groundwater Treatability Tests

<u>Chromium and Uranium Reduction/Precipitation and Ion Exchange:</u>

The chromium and uranium reduction/precipitation reactions have resulted in pin flocs which are unsettlable by gravity within 15 to 30 minutes. A proposal was made to DOE to determine whether a polymeric flocculation aid would coagulate the pin floc. These test will be conducted over the next couple weeks instead of conducting kinetic tests originally outlined in the test procedures.

The ion exchange batch testing is complete. The data is currently being evaluated for interaction and interferences of and from the contaminants.

Biodenitrification:

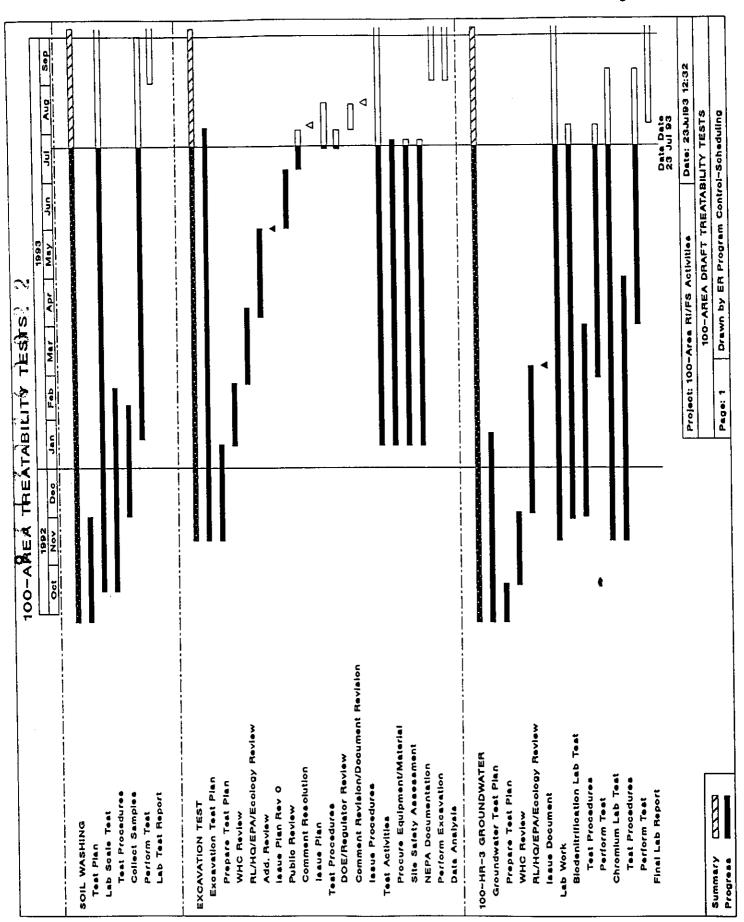
The large volume tests are complete. The data is currently under evaluation. The confirmation testing has begun and should be complete by July 29th.

Excavation

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The public comment period for the Excavation Test Plan closed July 7, 1993. Comments are currently being addressed by Ecology. The Test Procedures were submitted to RL and the regulatory agencies for review on July 19, 1993. Comments are required by August 2, 1993.



Status of 100-Area Wide Activities July 1992

River Impact Studies

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Columbia River Impact Evaluation Plan. Public Review began July 6, 1993 (Primary Document)

River sediment sampling field work, and sampling and validation completed. Validated Results submitted to regulators. The evaluation report is in preparation (no change).

Cultural Resources Investigations

Historic Sites in 100-HR-3 are being recorded; consultations with State Historic Preservation Office continue.

100-Area Ecological Investigations

Work is continuing on delination of habitats of concern as identified in the Hanford Site Baseline Risk Assesment Methodology Report and the Columbia River Impact Evaluation Plan (No change)

An initial draft of a literature search on the ecotoxicology of contaminants of concern for ecological investigations is being used by ecological risk assessors. The document will be published in fall.

The 100 Areas CERCLA Ecological Investigations report, with analysis of sample results, is being sent for WHC and PNL review the week of July 19.

July 20, 1993

Task 11 - Qualitative Risk Assessment:

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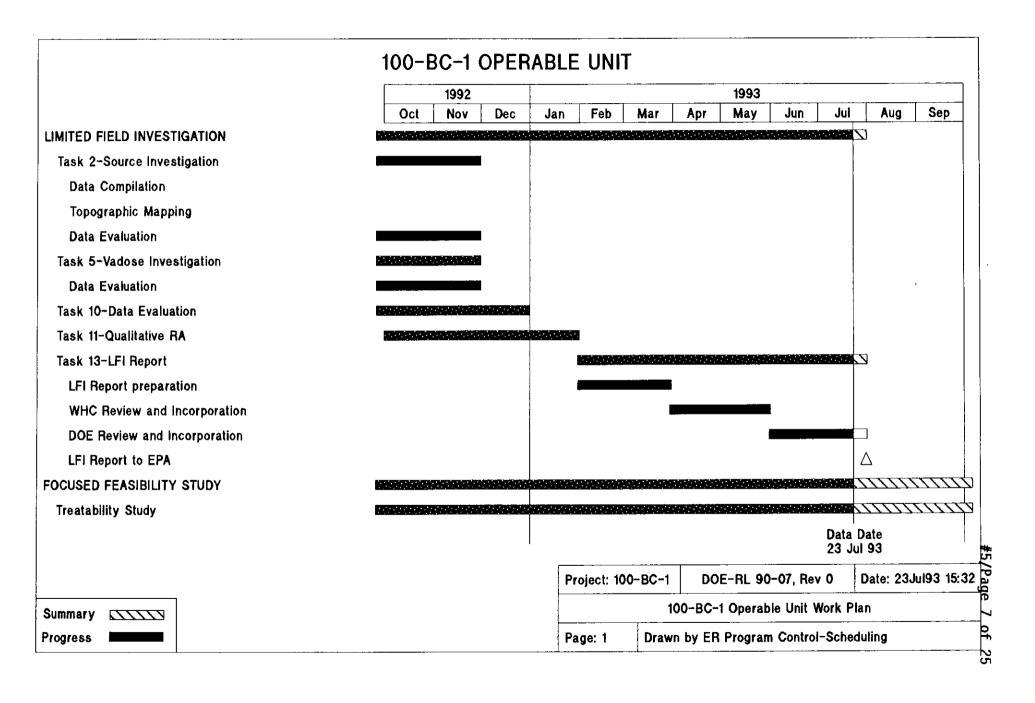
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The final document is being prepared for delivery to EPA and Ecology on July 31, 1993.

Task 13 - Limited Field Investigation (LFI) Report:

The final document is being prepared for delivery to EPA and Ecology on July 31, 1993.



100-BC-2 SOURCE OPERABLE UNIT WORK SUMMARY July 20, 1993

RI/FS Work Plan:

Regulator comments are currently being incorporated.

Field Activites:

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Vadose drilling at the 116-C-2A pluto crib is complete. The depth of the borehole is approximately 55 feet; radionuclides were identified by field screening from approximately 23 feet to approximately 40 feet. The maximum field screening result was about 2500 counts per minute on the GM. This maximum was from a silty layer near the bottom of the crib at about 23 feet.

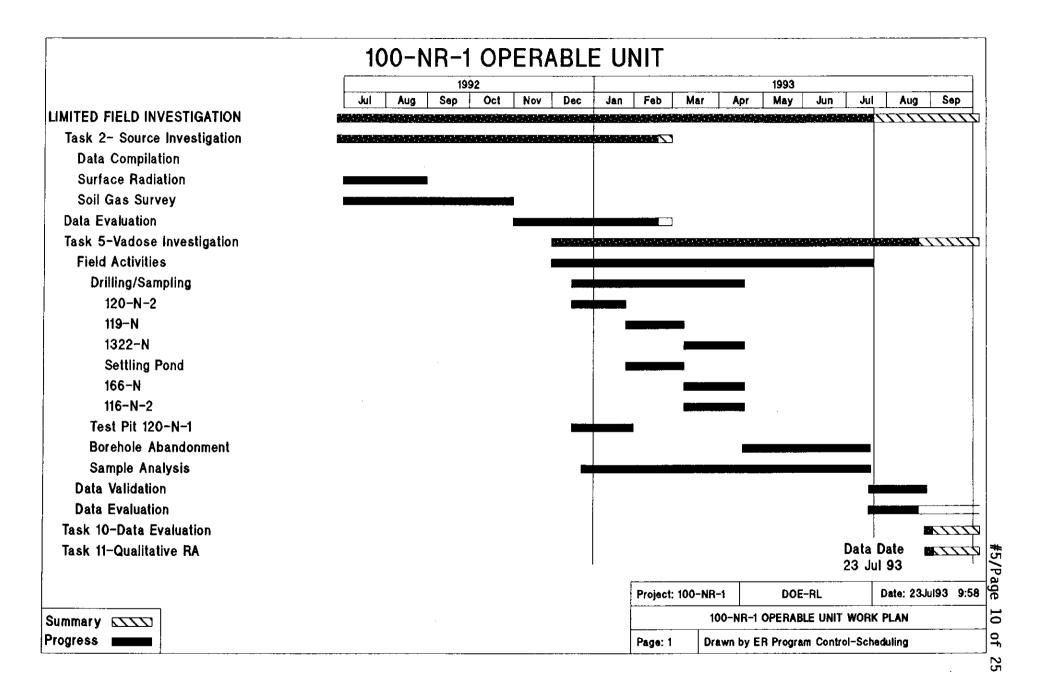
100-NR-1

100-NR-1 - Surface Radiation Survey: A surface radiation survey to complete the work initiated in FY'92, but canceled due to high background readings in the area, has been completed. A shielded detection system was used and was mounted on the new Rad Rover II. The system functioned well and located contamination which would not have otherwise been found.

Approximately 200 acres were surveyed. The survey found a total of 46 separate areas within the N Area which contain elevated levels of contamination with activity levels ranging from 200 CPM to 15 mR/hr above background. The elevated areas range in size from approximately 1 square foot to 500 square feet. Total affected area is approximately 1800 square feet. One of these areas, approximately 300 square feet, is a suspected orphan burial site. Field gamma spectrometer readings over this area indicate Cs-137 exclusively. Other elevated areas are identified as containing only Co-60. Elevated alpha readings were not detected in any of the areas.

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FY 1993 ACTIVITIES FOR 100-KR-1

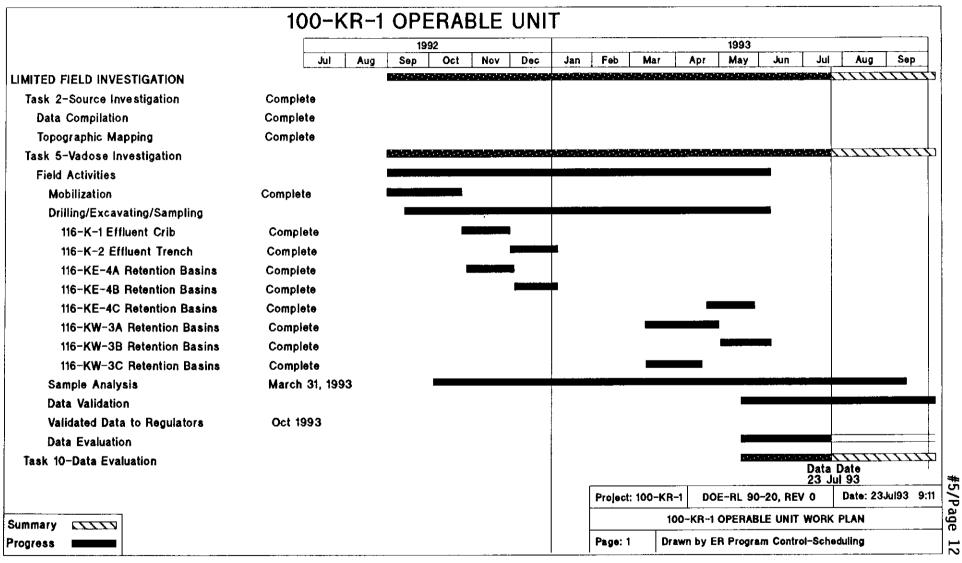
JULY 1993 STATUS REPORT N.M. Naiknimbalkar

0	Four Vadose	Boreholes	October/November 1992
	116-K-1	Effluent Crib	Completed
	116-K-2	Effluent Trench	Completed
	116-KE-4A	Retention Basin	Completed
	116-KW-3A	Retention Basin	Completed
0	Four Test Pits		
	116-KE-4B 116-KE-4C 116-KW-3B 116-KW-3C		Completed Completed Completed Completed
0	Sample Analysis		March 93
0	Data Validation		April 93

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All vadose borehole and test pit sample validation data has been submitted to DOE-RL for distribution to Regulators.



FY 1993 Activities for 100-DR-1 N.M. Naiknimbalkar

JUNE 1993 Status Report

100-DR-1 QUALITATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT STATUS

<u>Oualitative Risk Assessment</u> <u>Document Preparation:</u>

SAIC/Golder has prepared this report.

Qualitative Risk Assessment Report is progressing as planned.

LFI Report

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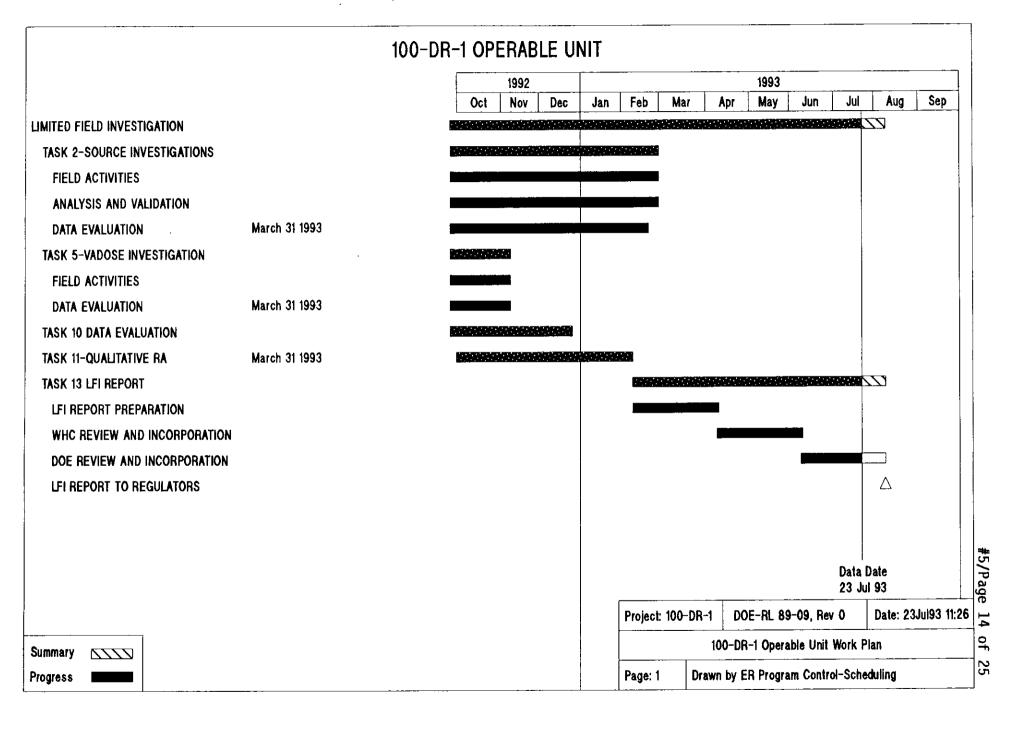
IT is preparing this document.

o LFI Report Due to Regulators: 08-09-93.

100-DR-2 Work Plan

o Scoping meetings were held with DOE-RL and the Regulators and agreement was reached for work scope to be included in the work plan. The work plan is progressing as planned.

Description of Work for DR-2 is being prepared and is based on agreements between Regulators, DOE-RL and WHC. One borehole will be drilled through 116-DR-7 Inkwell Crib and one test pit each will be excavated at 116-DR-3 Trench and Sodium Dichromate Transfer Station. CLP analysis will be conducted for borehole samples. SW-846 analysis will be done for test pit samples.



100-HR-1 OPERABLE UNIT

LIMITED FIELD INVESTIGATION

Task 2-Source Investigation

Field Activities

Analysis and Validation

Data Evaluation

Task 5-Vadose Investigation

Field Activities

Data Validation

Data Evaluation

Task 10-Data Evaluation

Task 11-Qualitative RA

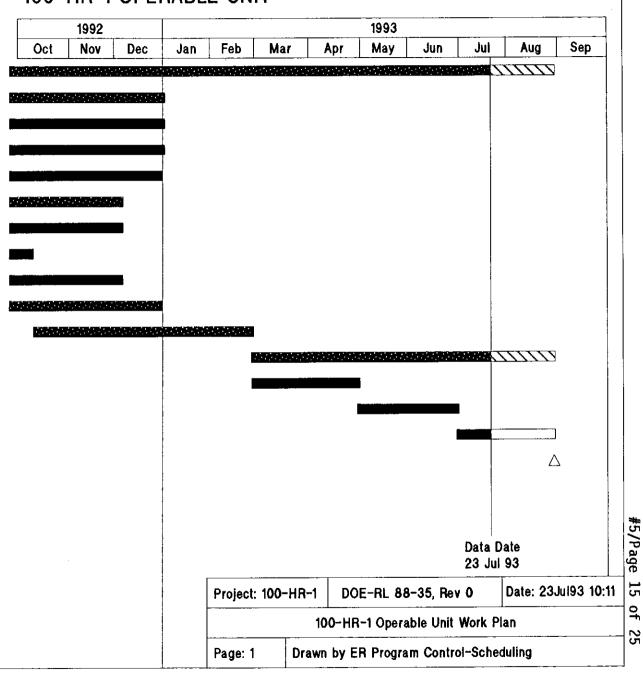
Task 13-LFI Report

Report Preparation

WHC Review & Incorporation

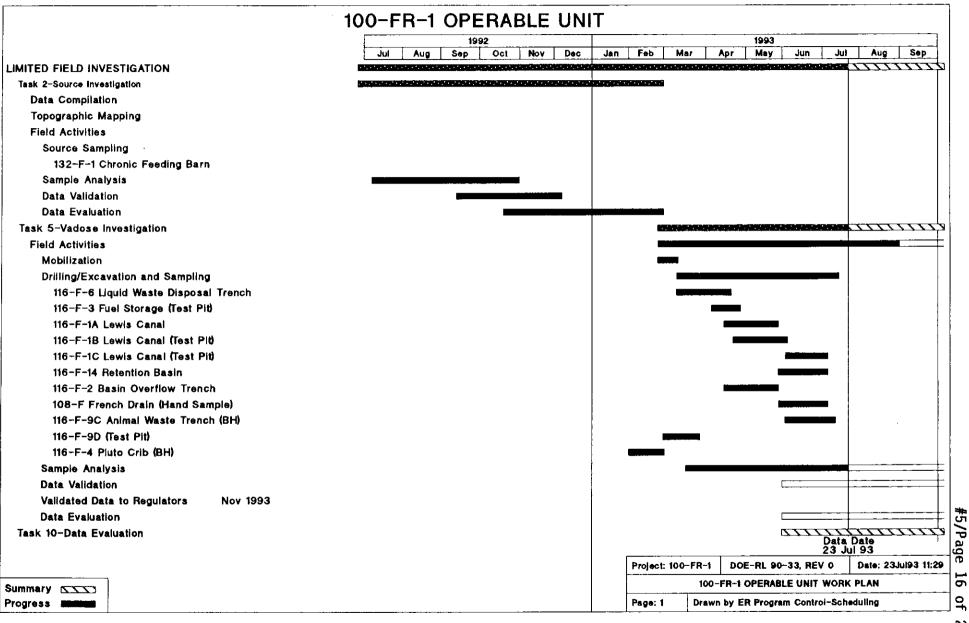
DOE Review & Incorporation

LFI Report to Regulators



Summary STATES

Progress



100-BC-5 STATUS

- 1ST QUARTER (JULY), 2ND QUARTER (OCTOBER), 3RD QUARTER (JANUARY), 4TH QUARTER (APRIL) GROUNDWATER SAMPLING COMPLETE. SAMPLING WILL BE ON A SEMI-ANNUAL BASIS STARTING IN OCTOBER 1993.
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORTS FOR DRILLING SAMPLE DATA AND 1ST QUARTER GW SUBMITTED DECEMBER 31, 1992
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORT FOR 2ND QUARTER GW SUBMITTED APRIL 14, 1993
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORT FOR 3RD QUARTER GW SUBMITTED JUNE 1, 1993
- LFI AND QRA REPORT ACTIVITIES ON SCHEDULE

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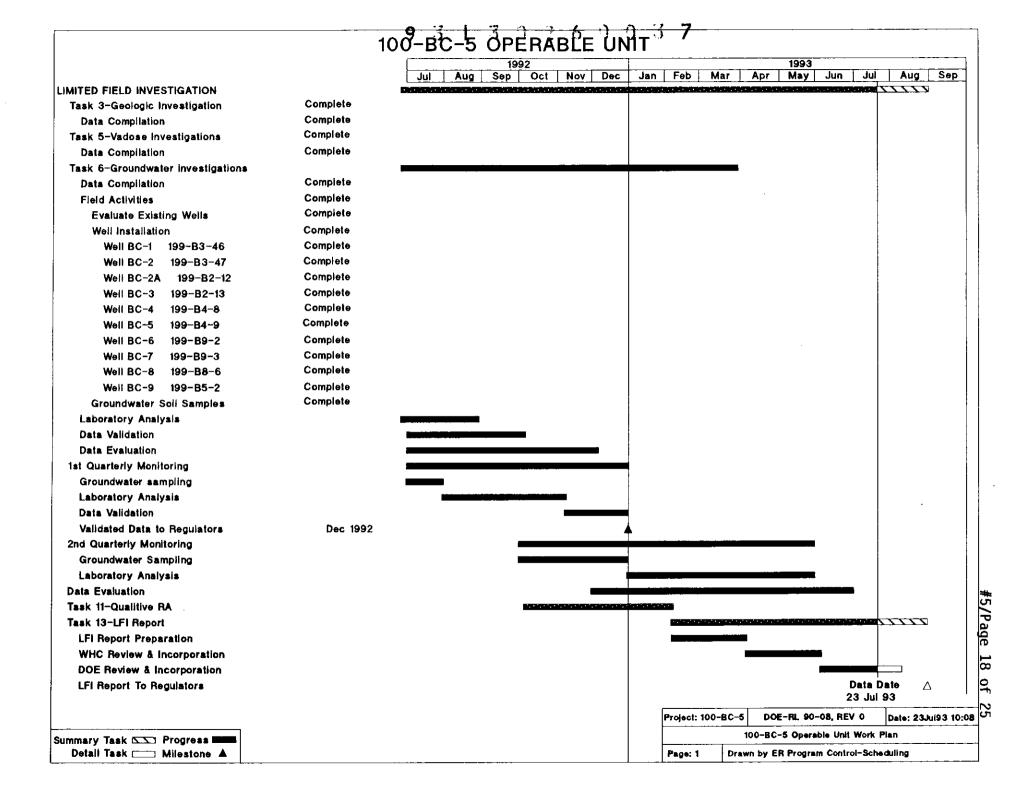
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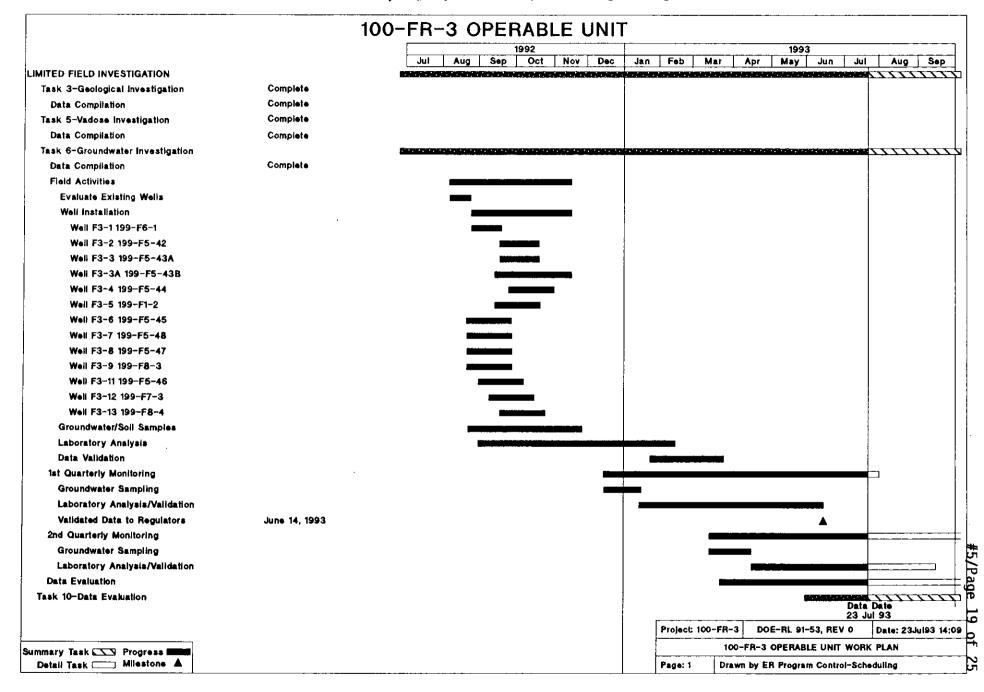
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100-FR-3 STATUS

- ALL FY92 DRILLING ACTIVITIES COMPLETE (DECEMBER)
- 1ST QUARTER (DECEMBER), 2ND QUARTER (APRIL) GROUNDWATER SAMPLING COMPLETE
- 3RD QUARTER GW SAMPLING IN PROGRESS
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORT FOR DRILLING SAMPLE DATA SUBMITTED MARCH 12, 1993
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORT FOR 1ST QUARTER GW SUBMITTED JUNE 14, 1993





100-KR-4 STATUS

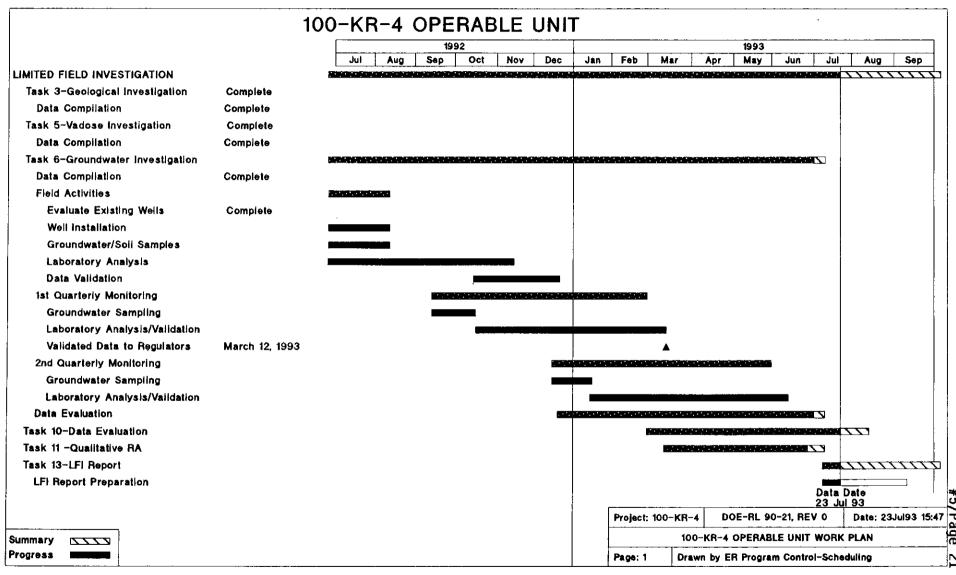
- 1ST QUARTER (SEPTEMBER), 2ND QUARTER (DECEMBER), 3RD QUARTER (MARCH), 4TH QUARTER (JULY) GROUNDWATER SAMPLING COMPLETE. SAMPLING WILL BE ON A SEMI-ANNUAL BASIS STARTING IN DECEMBER, 1993.
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORTS FOR DRILLING SAMPLE DATA AND 1ST QUARTER GW SUBMITTED MARCH 12, 1993
- SAMPLE VALIDATION REPORT FOR 2ND QUARTER GW SUBMITTED JULY, 1993.
- QUALITATIVE RISK ASSESSMENT IN PROGRESS

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100 NR-2 GROUNDWATER OPERABLE UNIT WORK SUMMARY 7/19/93

WORK PLAN

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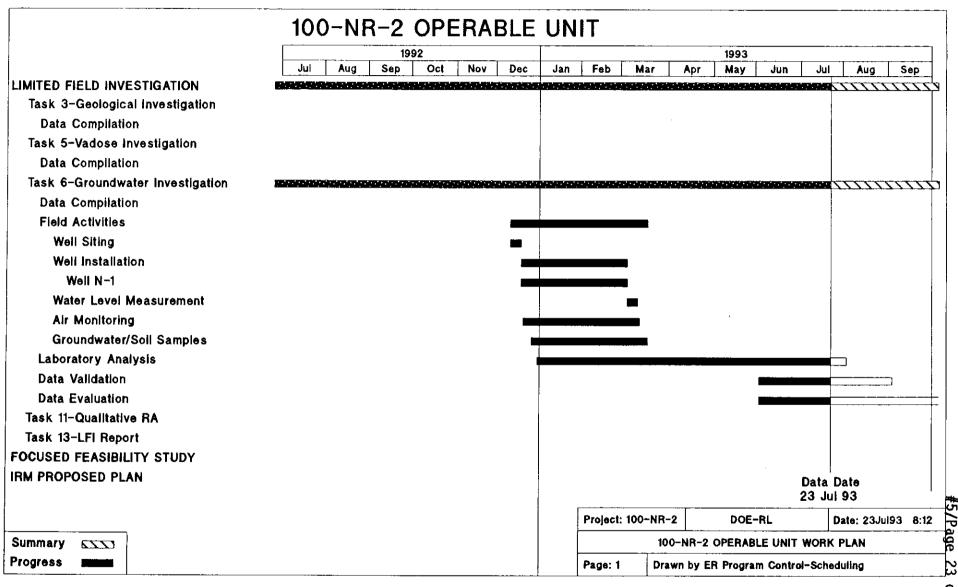
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Progress has resumed on completing the 100 NR-2 Work Plan.

TASK 6 - GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

Quarterly Monitoring - Four rounds of groundwater samples have been taken.

Data Validation - The soil data has been validated.



100 HR-3 GROUNDWATER OPERABLE UNIT WORK SUMMARY 7/19/93

TASK 6 - GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION

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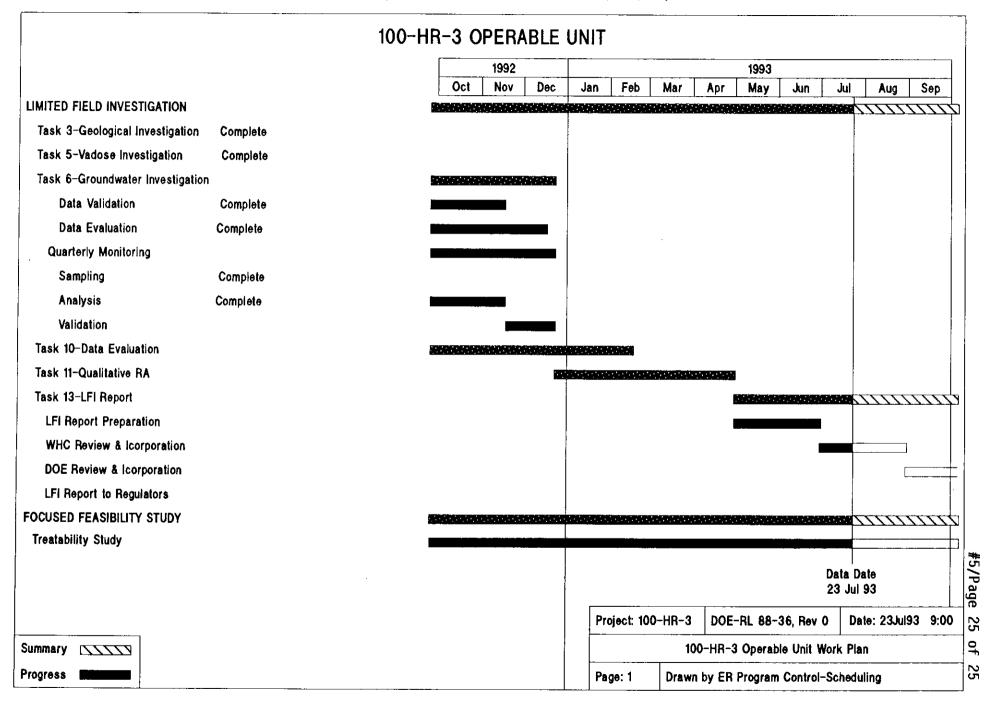
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Quarterly Monitoring - Four rounds of groundwater samples have been taken. The fifth round is scheduled for August 1993 and will sample for a reduced analyte list.

Data Validation - First, second, third and fourth round groundwater data has been validated.

LFI Report - The LFI Report is in progress and will be submitted to DOE in August and to the regulatory agencies in October.

QRA Report - The QRA Report is in progress and will be submitted to DOE in August and to the regulatory agencies in October.



100-NR-1 Surface Rad Survey

A surface radiation survey to complete the work initiated in FY'92, but canceled due to high background readings in the area has been completed. A shielded detection system was used and was mounted on the new Rad Rover II. The system functioned well and located contamination which would not have otherwise been found.

Approximately 200 acres were surveyed. The survey found a total of 46 separate areas within the N Area which contain elevated levels of contamination with activity levels ranging from 200 CPM to 15 mR/hr above background. The elevated areas range in size from approximately 1 square foot to 500 square feet. Total affected area is approximately 1800 square feet. One of these areas, approximately 300 square feet, is a suspected orphan burial site. Field gamma spectrometer readings over this area indicate Cs-137 exclusively. Other elevated areas are identified as containing only Co-60. Elevated alpha readings were not detected in any of the areas.

Planned Action

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- 1. For all but the orphan site, D&D will remove contamination, contain it and transport to the appropriate low-level burial ground. After removal, HPTs will survey sight to verify status. Estimated completion date is September 30, 1993.
- 2. The orphan site will be sampled by D&D to determine if the colored surface material is the source of contamination. The site will be fenced and posted as Radiologically Controlled. The estimated completion date is September 30, 1993.
- 3. The orphan site will be evaluated and added to WIDs and the 100-NR-1 Operable Unit as appropriate. Estimated completion date September 30, 1993.

Comparison of USRADS Survey Methodology Vs. MSCM-II

The previous survey was accomplished using the USRADS system interfaced to a Ludlum count rate meter outfitted with an unshielded NaI probe for gamma contamination detection and using a Ludlum uR meter for dose rate determination. Due to elevated radiation levels in the proximity of the two deactivated 100-N cribs and the "golf ball", it was not possible to survey near these areas and achieve any sort of statistically reliable results.

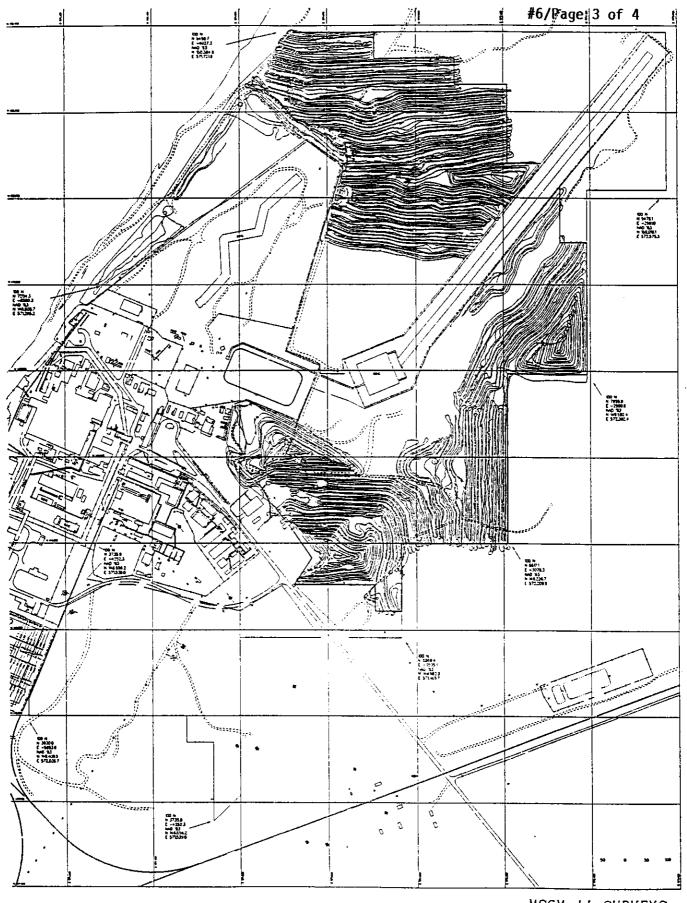
The MSCM-II is outfitted with 3 pairs of plastic scintillator detectors. Each pair consists of a bottom shielded radiation background detector and a downward looking contamination detector. The counting system controller software ratios the radiation background with the count detector level and should allow radiation/contamination surveying in areas with elevated background, albeit with a higher minimum level of detectable activity.

Another difference between the two systems, the USRADS provides positioning data using ultrasonics and the difference between the speed of sound and the speed of radio (speed of light). The MSCM-II utilizes the Global Positioning Satellite System and is differentially corrected for the skewing of positioning signal by the military.

N 150 400 N 150,200 N 150,000 N 149.800 N 148.4 N 149 100

Figure 1. 100-NR-1 Surface Radiation Survey.

100-NR-1 OPERABLE UNIT 100N AREA



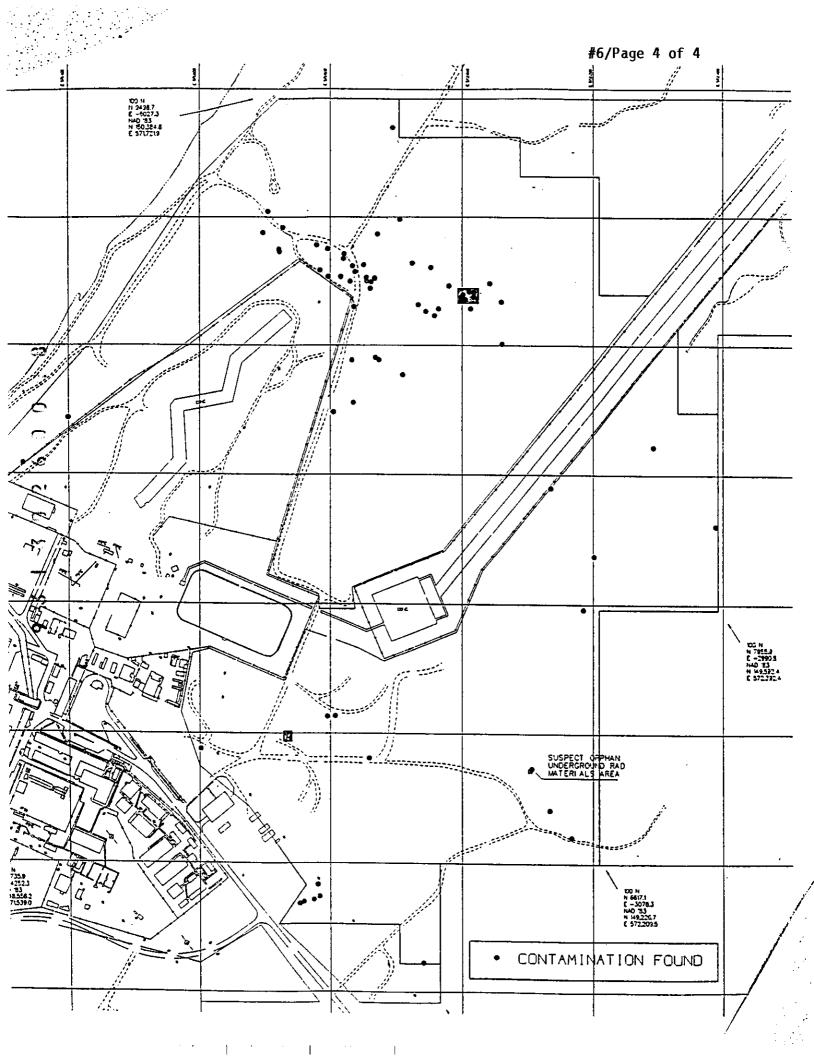
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MSCM-II SURVEYS
ERHP/Site Investigative Surveys



100 D Island Radiological Characterization

A radiological survey over a partial area on the upstream end of the 100-D Island, hanford Site, Richland, Washington was conducted from April 2 through April 28, 1993. The survey methodology was based on utilization of the Ultrasonic Ranging and Data System (USRADS) for automated recording of the gross gamma radiation levels at or near six inches and at three feet from the surface soil. The surveys were conducted using both a digital count rate meter with a sodium iodide detector reporting in counts per minute and a dose rate meter reporting micro Roentgen per hour. The count rate meter was set for gross counting, i. e., window "out'. The window setting allows detection of low, intermediate and high energy photons.

Seventeen individual survey set ups were required to survey approximately 12.5 acres. Within this area a total of 67,306 data points were collected. Each of these data points represents two gross gamma radiation readings, counts per minute with a NaI detector at six inches and a dose rate with a micro-R meter at three feet, along with the coordinates of the reading.

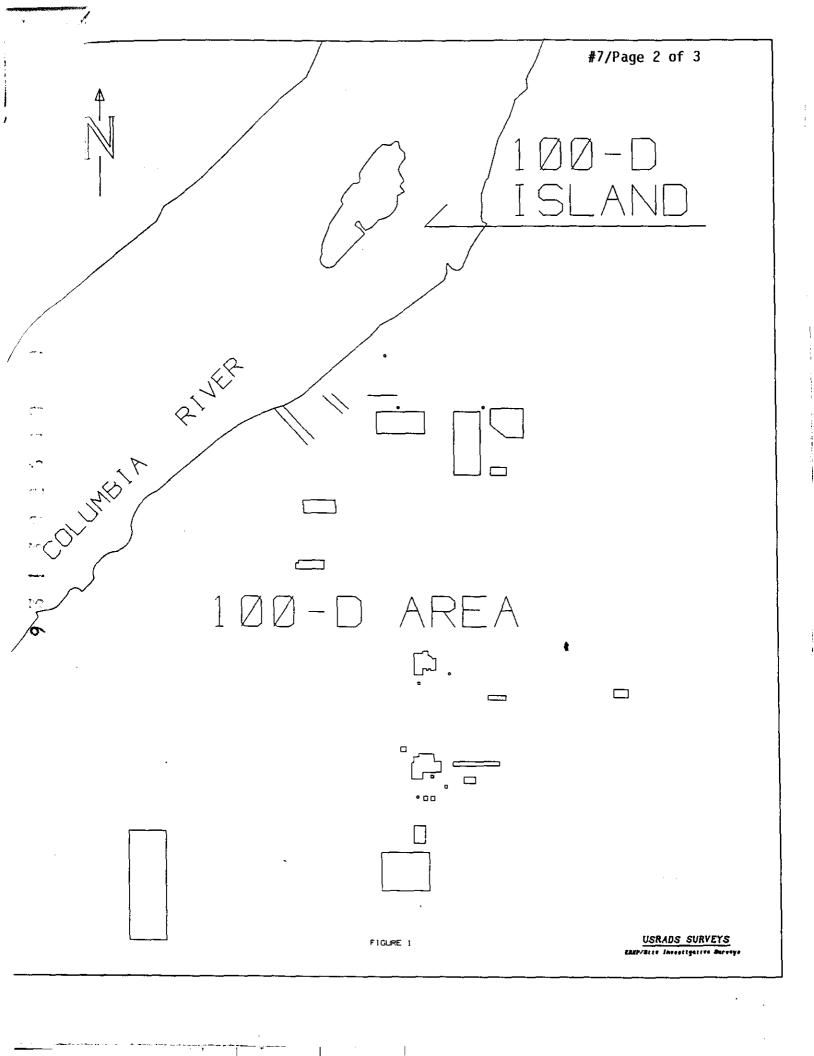
Statistically elevated radiation/contamination readings were observed in each and every grid block surveyed. With a few exceptions, every area which was determined to be gamma elevated was sampled and the sampling removed the entire contamination present. In these locations extremely small "hot particles" were removed from the silt layer beneath the river rock. It should be noted that due to the size, location, and field readings observed from most of these particles that they would be difficult to locate with a standard GM/HP211 "walking stick" survey. No alpha contamination was encounter during the entire 100-D Island USRADS survey.

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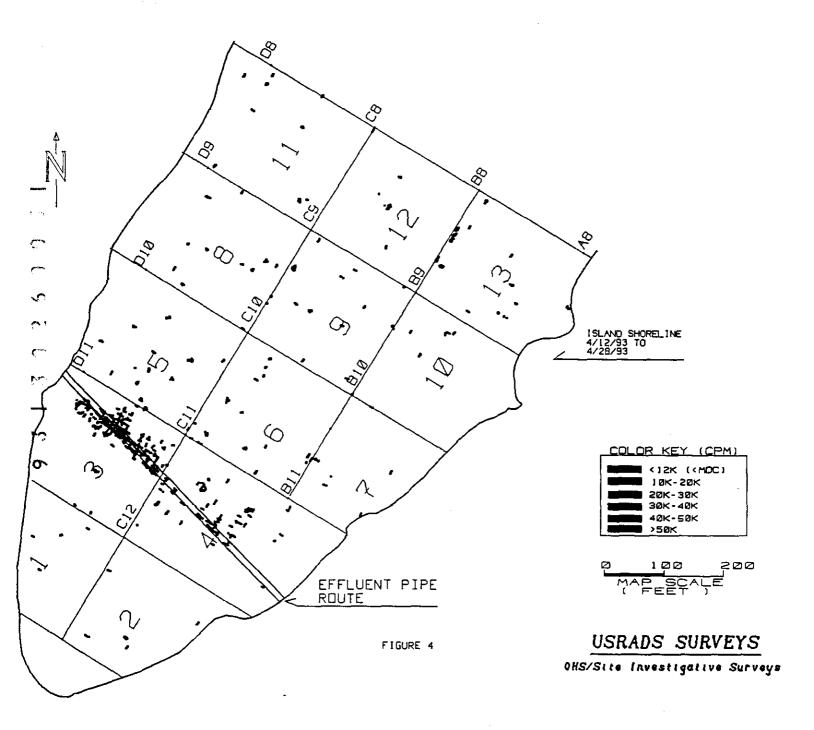
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- ISLE USRADS SURVEY AREAS WITH ELEVATED READINGS



TRI-PARTY AGREEMENT MILESTONE M-30-05 . . .

"Install equipment and initiate monitoring activities to perform long-term evaluation of river/aquifer interaction . . . " (9/93)

R. E. Peterson, 376-5858 Westinghouse, Geosciences

- Summary of Recent Activities
- Core Network of Water Level Recorders
- Initial Results of Conductivity Monitoring
- Status of Milestone Completion

100 NPL Agreement: M-30-05 Obligations

 Plan attached to Agreement Form has been revised in response to comments from Ecology and EPA

Field Equipment Installations

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 A core network of automated water level recording equipment is now installed and operating in each reactor area (List attached)

Automated Water Level Recorders (M-30-05)

Status	as	of	16	July	1993
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Status as of 16 July	1993		·	1	
REACTOR AREA: Phase I Phase II	Sta- tion No.	Approximate Start Date	On Line ?	Approximate End Date	Comments
100-B AREA: River B3-1 B4-1 B4-4 B2-12 B2-13 B3-46 B3-47 B5-2	114 31 41 44 191 143 192 191	03/11/92 09/27/91 09/23/91 09/27/91 05/27/93 05/29/93 05/28/93 05/28/93 05/31/93	Yes No Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes	05/93 05/93	Moved to B3-47 Moved to B5-2
100-K AREA: K-18 K-30 K-31 K-32A K-32B K-37	183 180 181 182 182 184	05/21/93 05/21/93 05/21/93 05/21/93 05/21/93 05/27/93	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		
100-N AREA: River			No		Planned FY93
100-D AREA: D5-13 D5-15 D5-20 D8-54A D8-54B	171 170 172 173 173	05/21/93 05/19/93 05/19/93 05/19/93 05/19/93	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		
100-H AREA: River H3-2A H3-2C H4-7 H4-9 H4-10 H4-11 H4-12A	125 138 138 124 123 160 137 122	12/05/91 03/09/93 11/10/92 09/16/91 09/26/91 06/14/93 05/06/93 09/16/91	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes		Added conductivity Added conductivity
H4-12C H6-1 S153-1	122 161 139	02/11/93 05/28/93 06/16/93	Yes Yes Yes		Temper/Cond only

Automated Water Level Recorders (M-30-05)

Status as of 16 July	1993				r
REACTOR AREA: Phase I Phase II	Sta- tion No.	Approximate Start Date	On Line ?	Approximate End Date	Comments
100-F AREA: River F1-2 F5-1 F5-4 F5-6 F5-43A F5-43B F5-44 F5-46 F6-1	140 132 51 54 56 151 151 144 154	11/19/92 06/04/93 09/12/91 09/12/91 09/12/91 06/04/93 06/04/93 05/20/93 06/04/93	Yes Yes No No Yes Yes Yes Yes	06/93 06/93 06/93	Moved to F5-43B Removed Moved to F5-44

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<u>Automated Water Level Recorders (300-FF-5)</u>

Status	as	of	16	July	1 <u>993</u>

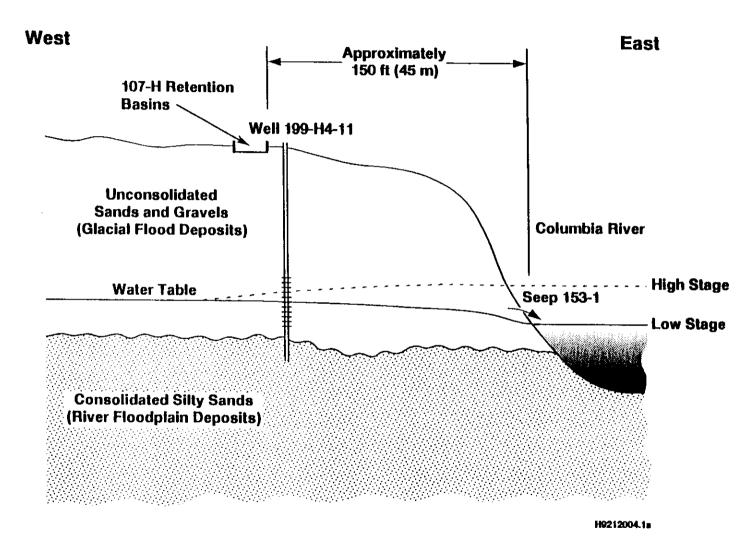
Status as of 16 July 19	93	<u>, </u>	,	 _	
AREA: Phase I Continuing	Sta- tion No.	Approximate Start Date	On Line ?	Approximate End Date	Comments
300 AREA:					
SWS-1	128	11/15/91	Yes	 	
3w3-1 1-1	101	01/29/92	Yes	1	
1-1	101	05/01/92	Yes		
1-7	109	01/09/92	Yes	}	
1-8	109	07/12/91	No		
1-9	109	07/12/91	No	ļ	
1-10B	117	01/24/92	No]	Xfr to 100 Area
1-16B	116	07/23/91	Yes	ĺ	
1-18A	118	07/23/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
1-18B	118	07/23/91	No	1	Xfr to 100 Area
1-18C	118	07/23/91	No	ļ	Xfr to 100 Area
2-1	102	01/29/92	Yes	ļ	
2-2	103	09/16/92	No		Xfr to 100 Area
3-9	119	08/15/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
3-12	113	02/13/92	No	}	Xfr to 100 Area
4-1	111	12/09/91	Yes		
4-7	112	12/09/91	Yes		
4-9	129	8/15/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
5-1	105	8/13/92	No	ĺ	Xfr to 100 Area
6-1	106	01/28/92	Yes		
8-1	120	05/01/92	Yes		
8-5A	115	01/23/92	No		Xfr to 100 Area
8-5B	115	01/23/92	No		Xfr to 100 Area
8-5C	115	01/23/92	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S19-E14(3A)	126	01/09/92	No	[Xfr to 100 Area
S22-E9A(4A)	127	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S22-E9B(4B)	127	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S22-E9C(4C)	127	02/07/92	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S27-E9A(7A)	107	12/09/91	No	<u> </u>	Xfr to 100 Area
S27-E9B(7B)	107	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S27-E9C(7C)	107	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S28-E12(8A)	108	01/09/92	Yes		
S29-E16A(1A)	121	12/09/91	No	}	Xfr to 100 Area
S29-E16B(1B)	121	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
S29-E16C(1C)	121	12/09/91	No		Xfr to 100 Area
	ŀ	!		}	

STATUS OF M-30-05 ACTIVITIES Continued . . .

Monitoring Activities for Long-Term Evaluation

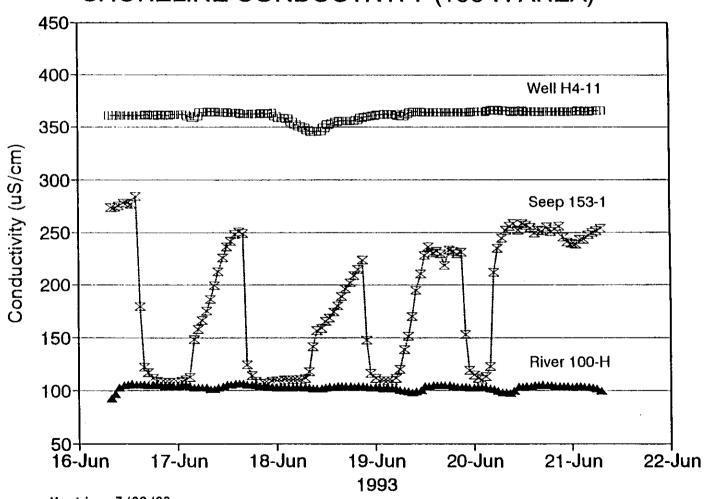
- Hourly conductivity measurements are being recorded at the 100-H Area in well H4-11, a riverbank seep, and nearshore in the river (Figure attached)
- Detailed cross-sections through each reactor area, including the river channel, are currently being prepared. Water level variability for Phase I data loggers will be portrayed on these sections (Interim report)

100-H Cross Section Through Shoreline:



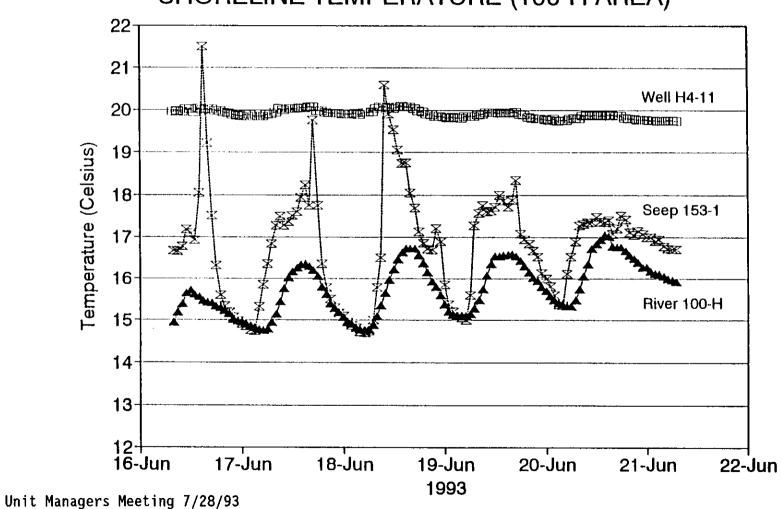
Shoreline Conductivity, June 1993:

SHORELINE CONDUCTIVITY (100-H AREA)



Shoreline Temperature, June 1993:

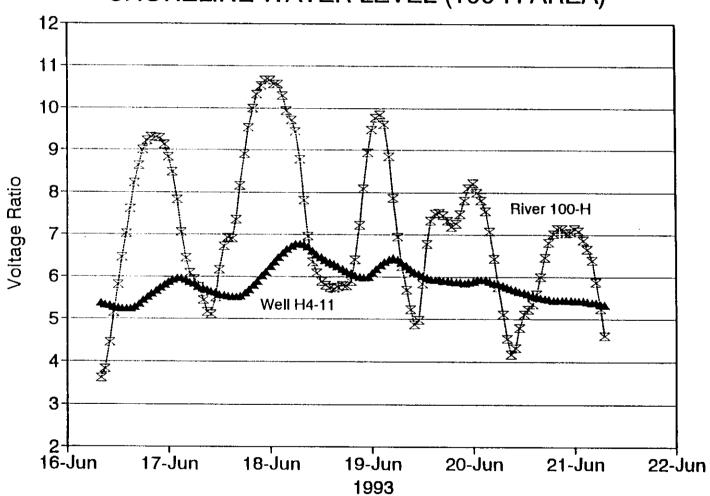
SHORELINE TEMPERATURE (100-H AREA)



#8/Page 9 of 1

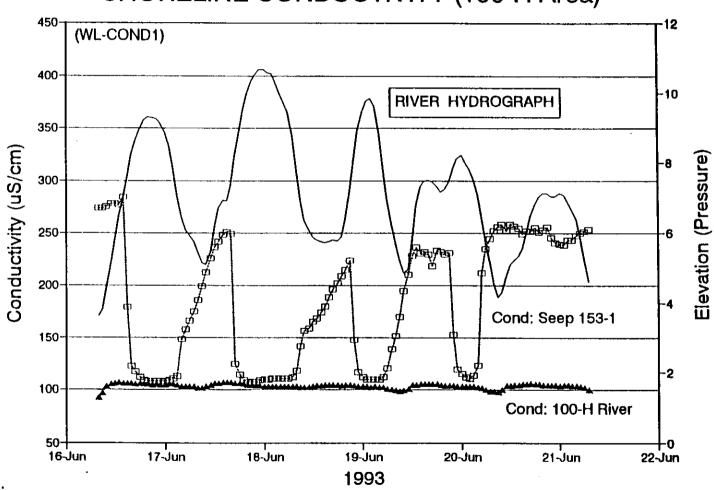
Shoreline Water Levels, June 1993:

SHORELINE WATER LEVEL (100-H AREA)



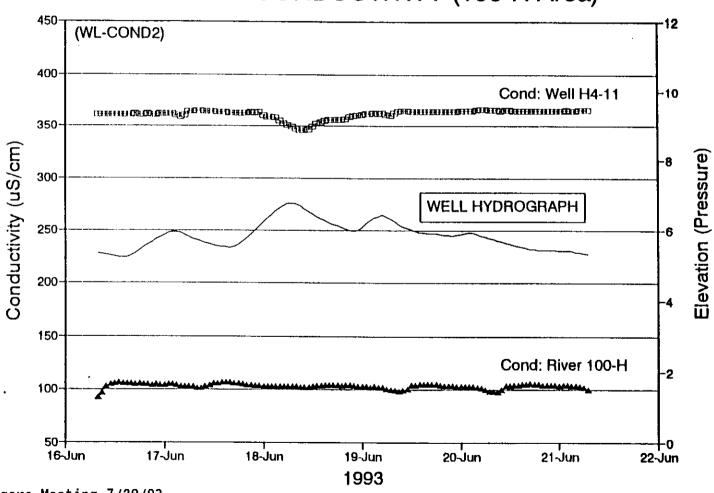
Conductivity: Seep vs River Level:

SHORELINE CONDUCTIVITY (100-H Area)



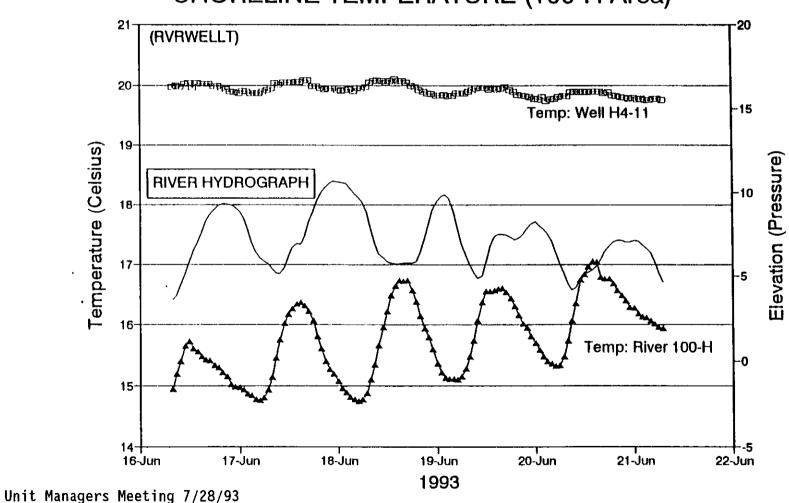
Conductivity: Well vs Water Table:

SHORELINE CONDUCTIVITY (100-H Area)



Temperature: Well vs River:

SHORELINE TEMPERATURE (100-H Area)



#8/Page 13 of 16

SUMMARY: M-30-05 SCOPE AND SCHEDULE...

Install Field Equipment

- Automated water level recording equipment has been transferred from the 300 Area to the 100 Areas, as described in the 100 NPL Agreement
- September 1993 obligation will be complete upon replacement of manual river stage recorder at 100-N (planned for August)

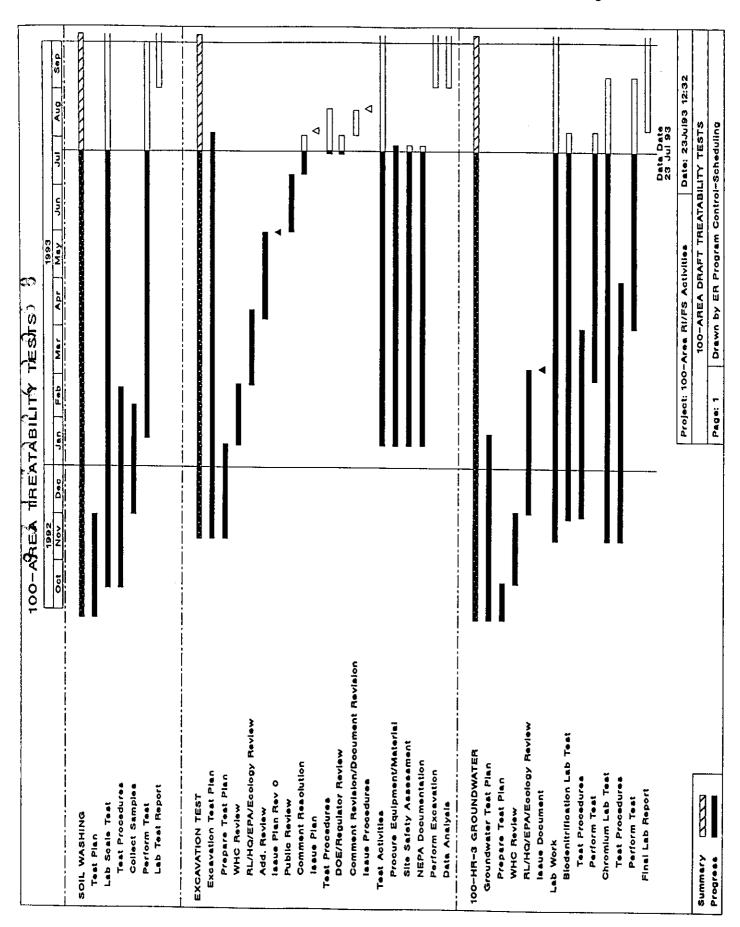
SUMMARY: SCOPE AND SCHEDULE Continued...

Initiate Monitoring Activities

- Water level recorders are collecting hourly data in shoreline wells in all 100 Areas, (exception: 100-N, limited historical data are available)
- River stage recorders are operating at 100-B, 100-N, 100-H, and 100-F, as planned
- Conductivity data are being obtained to help describe the river's influence on nearshore water quality (includes river, bank seepage, and shoreline groundwater)
- Borehole velocity measurements at 100-H are scheduled for August/September to evaluate method for describing flow regime
- September 1993 obligation will be complete with the issuance of an activity plan that describes continuing program for long-term evaluation of river/aquifer interaction

Progress on Planned M-30-05 Tasks:

	<				19	93				>	<		1994
Task Description	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	0ct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar
*Develop concensus on M-30-05 obligations		*******			NPL≃=> reement								
 Analyze existing information on groundwater direction and rate of flow at each reactor area 			<====	FFFFF	202222	Interi Repor	im===== rt	=====	======		:2222 2	::::::::	
Peploy temporary transducers in wells that are presumed to be influenced by short-term fluctuations		<====	:====>										
3: Install automated water level recording equipment in wells influenced by short- term river fluctuations			<====	====>									
4: Obtain steel tape water level measurements to complement automated water level recorder networks	*=*=			200222			=======	=====					
5: Obtain borehole velocity measurements						<==1(DO-H===>						
6: Initiate field activities to describe the bank storage of river water and its interaction with groundwater				<===	:==Condu	etivit ₎	y=====> Issue Plan						
 Maintain field systems capability, manage field data, interpret data, and report results 	*====	:22222	:=====	*******	******	.282222	======		******	:22223	======	==Annual Report	-
	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	Mar



LABORATORY SOIL WASHING TREATABILITY TESTS 100 AREA

JULY UNIT MANAGERS MEETING

WESTINGHOUSE HANFORD COMPANY ENVIRONMENTAL RESTORATION ENGINEERING

100 Area Soil Washing Test Status

Completed:

- Particle Specific Gravity
- pH, Ion Exchange Measurements, TOC
- Wet sieving
- XRF analyses
- Attrition Scrubbing with water
- Sequential Extraction Tests

In Progress:

- Bulk Soils, Wet sieved soils and TCLP extract analyses
- Attrition scrubbing using surfactants
- Sequential Extraction Analyses
- Microscopic Investigations, X-Ray Diffraction

Two Week Backlog for Gamma Counting; Counter was down for repair

Example Trace Element Concentrations using XRF Analyses*

MEASUREMENT	116-C-1, I	116-C-1, II	116-D-1B
TOC (mg/kg)	1130.0	1640.0	600.0
рН	6.5	7.4	7.7
Sr-90 (pCi/g)	< 0.2	115.0	12.5
Cd (mg/kg)	< 12.0	< 13.0	< 14.0
Cr (Total, mg/kg)	56.0	236.0	58.0
Lead (mg/kg)	13.0	101.0	13.0
Zinc (mg/kg)	88.0	855.0	138.0

^{*} All analyses used soils < 2 mm

^{**} Other elements not shown were also analyzed

TCLP Analyses of 100 Area Soils

Element	Soil Sa	Soil Samples		
	116-C-1 (mg/l)	116-D-1B (mg/l)	EPA Regulatory Level (mg/l)	
Ag	0.03	BD	1.0	
As	0.20	0.20	5.0	
Ba	0.35	0.29	100.0	
Cd	0.01	0.02	1.0	
Cr	BD .	BD	5.0	
Pb	BD	BD	5.0	
Se	BD	BD	1.0	

Radionuclide Data for 100 Area Soil Samples

Sample	40 _K	⁶⁰ Co	134 _{Cs}	137 _{Cs}	152 _{Eu}	154 _{Eu}	155 _{Eu}
116-C-1 (Batch I)	16	7	<0.8	0.74	28	4.4	0.54
116-C-1 (Batch II)	<7	525	<10	5495	2320	337	*
116-D-1B (Batch III)	7	15	<2	205	177	17	1.4

^{*} Reported Interference. Data review requested.

Reported values are averages of duplicate values.

All measurments conducted on <2 mm material

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Future Laboratory Tests

- Autogenous Grinding
- Chemical Extraction
- Combined Systems
- Column\Heap Leaching
- Recycle Water Treatment

100-HR-3 GROUNDWATER TREATABILITY TESTS

UNIT MANAGERS MEETING JULY 1993

BIODENITRIFICATION

- ALL TESTING IS COMPLETED
- SAMPLES SENT TO B325 FOR CHROMIUM, GROSS ALPHA AND GROSS BETA ANALYSIS.
- OTHER ANALYSES (MPN AND CARBON SOURCE) WILL BE COMPLETED IN TWO TO THREE WEEKS.
- TEN LITERS OF BIODENITRIFIED WATER TRANSFERED TO 222S LAB FOR ION EXCHANGE TESTS

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Jan Fab

Project:	100 Area	Biodenitrification
Date: 4/	30/93	

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10:45

04/30/93

Critical	Progress	
Noncritical	Milestone	♦

Summary	
Rolled Up	

Page 1

ATTACHMENT 2

CHROMIUM & URANIUM PRECIPITATION ION EXCHANGE

- CHROMIUM AND URANIUM REDUCTION PRECIPITATION STUDIES COMPLETE
 - PIN FLOC FORMATION FROM CHROMIUM REDUCTION/PRECIPITATION
 - URANIUM PRECIPITATED WITH CALCIUM AS CO-PRECIPITATE, NOT EASILY SETTLEABLE.
- KINETIC STUDIES AS IDENTIFIED IN WHC PROCEDURES WILL NOT BE CARRIED OUT BECAUSE THE PIN FLOC WILL NOT SETTLE BY GRAVITY AND CANNOT COLLECT KINETIC DATA.
- TO FLOCCULATE PIN FLOC, A EFFORT IS BEING CARRIED OUT USING A PLOYMER FLOCCULANT AID (CATFLOC) AS PER WHC LETTER DATED JUNE 18, 1993.
- THIS STUDY WILL GIVE KINETIC DATA ON FLOC SETTLING AND DATA ON CHEMISTRY (NITRATES, CHROMIUM, URANIUM, GROSS ALPHA AND GROSS BETA).

CHROMIUM & URANIUM PRECIPITATION ION EXCHANGE (CONT'D)

ION EXCHANGE

- COMPLETED DISTRIBUTION COEFFICIENT STUDIES ON ALL RESINS.

DOWEX 21K AMBERLITE 402 AMBERLITE 410

- PRELIMINARY DATA INDICATE DECONTAMINATION FACTORS (DF's) OF:

NITRATE	40	6	12
CHROME	>50	>50	>50
URANIUM	>100	>100	>100

- CYCLING TESTS ARE CURRENTLY BEING CARRIED OUT FOR BREAKTHROUGH

Exsitu removal of Actual setup began January 27.

Chromate, Nitrate, & Oranum (vi) 9 00001 1993 6May 4Jun 2Jul 3Aug 8Sep 60ct 3Nov 3Feb 4Her GROUNDWATER TREATABILITY TESTS 160,000 09 1020 95.000 12Apr 25AUG 1090 PopIn TESTS 090101 SET UP (CENTRIFUGE, PUMPS, AND OTHER APPARATUS) 12Apr HEEL 15Apr 5.00D N. BECK 4Hay 090102 Fe304-Na25 12.000 M. BECK 090103 SET UP (CENTRIFUGE, PUMPS, AND OTHER APPARATUS) 5.00D N. BECK 090104 Na2HP04 15.000 N. BECK 090105 ANALYSIS (U, Cr. NO3) 40.00D T. DALE 090106 KINETIC STUDY/CONFIRMATORY TESTS 33.000 N. BECK 090107 ANALYSIS (U, Cr. NO3) 17.000 T. DALE ~ 25Au o 0902 0902 ANION TESTS 150.00D 12Apr 29Nov SET UP (CENTRIFUGE, PUMPS, AND OTHER APPARATUS) 19.000 K. BECK 12Apr 090202 CONTACTING TESTS 20.000 N. BECK 090203 ANALYSIS (U, Cr. NO3) 25.00D T, DALE 090204 BREAKTHROUGH/CONFIRMATORY TESTS 25.00D M. BECK 20-01 090205 CYCLING TESTS 21.00D N. BECK #11/Page 1BAUG 090207 ANALYSIS (U, Cr. NO3) 51.00D T. DALE 090208 WRITE REPORT 64.00D N. BECK 24Nov 090209 ISSUE REPORT 1.00D M. BECK 29Nov Project: GWTT 9Apr93 11:52 ENTT Date: Legend GROUNDWATER TREATABILITY TESTS Early CPH Drawn by QWIKNET Graphics Page: 1

ATTACH MENT 1

DON'T SAY IT --- Write It!

DATE: July 28, 1993

TO: P. R. Beaver

B5-01

FROM: E. D. Goller

WOS

A5-19

D. Goswami

Ecology

Telephone: 376-7326

cc:

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SUBJECT: 100-HR-3 GROUNDWATER TREATABILITY TEST

The following identifies modifications to the chromium and uranium precipitation testing program. These modifications are being driven by the results of the testing conducted to date.

The testing to date shows the reduction reaction of $FeSO_4/Na_2S$ produces a pinfloc which does not settle within a reasonable time (several hours rather than 15 to 30 minutes). The $CaCl_2/NaH_2PO_4$ uranium precipitation reaction also produces a fine floc which takes many hours to settle. Because of this, it is determined that conducting kinetic studies as currently planned would not produce relevant data. The kinetic studies were identified in the test procedures as the next set of testing to be conducted. Based on the above information, the kinetics testing as identified in the procedures will not be conducted.

Another approach has been identified, using a polymer flocculation aid (CATFLOC), to allow the gravitational settling of the pin floc formed by the above chemistry. Standard jar tests (utilized in the water treatment industry) will be conducted to determine the amount of polymer needed to induce precipitation and the kinetics associated with the gravitational settling of the floc. These tests will be conducted in accordance with the attached WHC Internal Memo and will obtain the following data:

- kinetics of polymer aided flocculation to the above chemical methodology (Ferric chloride will also be tested)
- amount of solids generated (grams/liter)
- determination of the effect of a cationic polymer on uranium (VI).

There will be no impact to the overall schedule as these tests are currently being conducted in the 222S laboratory.

Attachment

Page 1 of 22 Internal Memo

Westinghouse Hanford Company

81340-93-019

From:

Environmental Engineering Support Group

Phone:

2-0896

Date:

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June 18, 1993

Subject:

REQUEST FOR LABORATORY SPACE AND SUPPORT

To:	JR Jewett, Ph.D.	T6-09
	cc: MR Adams WW Baird RP Henckel EJ Kosiancic JP Sloughter JG Woolard JBD Fil •/LB	H6-01 T6-51 H6-02 T6-16 T6-07 H6-05

Raman, M. "Polymers to Clear Water", CHEMTECH, April 1981, 252-255.

Weber, W. J., <u>Physicochemical Processes for Water Quality control</u>, 1972, Wiley and Sons, New York.

Sawyer, C. and P. McCarty, <u>Chemistry for Environmental Engineering</u>, 1978, McGraw-Hill, Inc., New York.

Koolik, S. I., "Chromium Removal from Groundwater Using Simple Physical/Chemical Treatment", Remediation, Winter, 1992/1993, 39-54.

Hudson, H., <u>Water Clarification Processes -- Practical Design and Evaluation</u>, 1981, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., New York.

American Water Works Association, <u>Standard Methods For the Examination of Water and Wastewater</u>, 14th Ed., 1975, Published by the American Public Health Association, Washington, D.C.

INTRODUCTION

The removal of colloids and colloidal flocs (due to incomplete agglomeration and relatively small nucleation) has been a part of water and wastewater treatment for decades.

The solid-liquid separation involves two stages: coagulation (charge neutralization and microfloc formation) and flocculation (Raman). Coagulation (which may be accomplished with iron salts -- FeSO₄, Fe₂(SO₄)₃, and FeCl₃) is merely the negation of influence of the diffuse layer of counter-ions around the negatively charged colloid (Sawyer-McCarty).

JR Jewett Page 2 June 16, 1993

The action of a polymer in flocculation is to accelerate the gravitational forces overcoming inertial forces by adsorption and interparticle bridging (Weber).

In treating chromium contaminated water from a perched aquifer, the use of $FeSO_4$, in conjunction with a cationic polymer, reduced the amount of total chromium from 203 ppb to less than 2 ppb (Koolik).

According to Hudson, the jar test (using a Phipps-Bird or equivalent paddle mixer) has been and is the most widely used method employed to evaluate coagulation-flocculation processes (Hudson).

PROCEDURE

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The procedure follows that outlined by Hudson in the chapter on jar testing and utilization of jar test data (Hudson).

The test will use Hanford groundwater samples and is as follows:

A. Volume of Flocculation as a function of Polymer Concentration (this procedure will allow the most efficacious choice of reductant/polymer):

The variables for this test are the amount of chemicals and percent polymer.

- 1. 500 mL of groundwater will be placed in a 1 liter beaker (4 beakers per run) and placed under the paddle stirrer (Figure 1).
- 2. The mixer will be turned to the maximum rpm (>100) and the coagulant introduced via pipette under the paddle. Coagulant addition will be the same concentration as in the procedure by M. Beck and C. Delegard. Introduction of 12 mg S⁻/L, as Na₂S followed 30 seconds later (for dispersion and contact with sulfide) with 10 mg Fe²⁺/L, as FeSO₄.
- Mix for 2 minutes at maximum rpm.
- 4. Reduce to 20 rpm and add the CATFLOC polymer (Attachment 1 and 2 are specification sheets and MSDS's for CATFLOC L and TL respectively).
- 5. After 2 minutes of mixing, stop and remove paddles.
- 6. Let the floc settle for 15 minutes and begin turbidity measurements. Notice the floc density and clearing time at 5 minute intervals.

Once the most efficacious combination of reductants, precipitants and flocculation aids are established, sludge parameters need to be delineated. This is accomplished by one or two runs.

- B. Sludge Parameters:
- 1. Rerun steps 1 to 6 from above with a 1000 mL of water in a 1 L beaker.
- The following tests are to be carried out on the resulting sludge:
 - A. Zone Settling Rate -- Standard Methods For the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 14th Ed., Method 213D (Attachment 3).
 - B. Total Residue -- <u>Standard Methods For the Examination of Water and Wastewater</u>, 14th Ed., Method 208A (Attachment 4).

JR Jewett Page 3 June 16, 1993

- C. Chemical Analysis:
- 1. The following analysis are requested to be performed on the supernatant and the sludge -- with the exception of the pH, the analysis will need to be performed by PAL Analytical Operations. It is estimated that a total of 60 samples will be analyzed.
 - A. Chrome (Total)
 - B. Uranium
 - C. Nitrate
 - D. Radioactivity (The water to be used has maximum activities of 28pCi/l alpha and 49pCi/L beta.) Total Alpha Total Beta
 - E. pH
 - G. Total residue of the sludge

<u>EQUIPMENT</u>

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Provided by Environmental Engineering Support:

Turbidimeter (HACH)
Paddle Stirrer

All other lab materials and supplies provided from Process Chemistry Laboratory. These include beakers, pH meter and probe, evaporating dish, muffle furnace, hot air oven (110°C) , mettler balance, and other common wet laboratory items.

Required chemicals: FeSO₄, Na₂S -- Supplied by Process Chemistry Laboratory.
Polymer (CATFLOC T & CATFLOC TL) -- Supplied by
Environmental Engineering Support.

IMPACT LEVEL: 4

Hazardous wastes will be handled as per LO-106-156, Part A. Chemical handling as per WHC Chemical Hygiene Plan, WHC-SD-CP-HSP-001.

Concurrence:

JR Jewett, Ph.D.

JB Duncan, Ph.D. Principal Engineer

Environmental Engineering Support Group

Attachments: 4

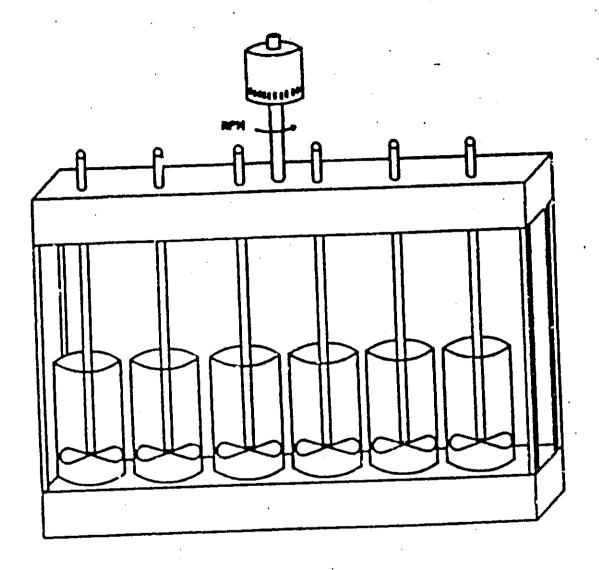


Figure 1. Jar Test Apparatus.



WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION

#13/Page 5 of 22

MUNICIPAL PRODUCTS & SERVICES

CAT-FLOC® L LIQUID CATIONIC POLYMER

DESCRIPTION

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Calgon® Cat-Floc L is a medium molecular weight low monomer cationic polyelectrolyte used as a primary coagulant or coagulant aid in water clarification. It is highly effective as a

replacement for, or can be used in conjunction with, inorganic coagulants such as ferric salts or alum. Cat-Floc L is chlorine resistant and effective over a broad pH range.

REGULATORY STATUS

 E.P.A.: Cat-Floc L is accepted by the Environmental Protection Agency for treating drinking water supplies at concentrations not exceeding 50 mg/L.

 F.D.A: Cat-Floc L meets Reg. 176.170 for manufacture of paper for indirect food contact.

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Completely water soluble
- Chlorine resistant
- Effective over a broad pH range
- Does not affect finished water pH
- Produces a compact, easily dewatered sludge
- Low monomer content (less than 1%)

BENEFITS

- Can be diluted for optimum use
- Product performance is not adversely affected by chlorination
- Applicable to systems with wide pH swings
- Can eliminate the need for pH adjustment chemicals
- Reduced sludge volume and sludge handling costs
- More rapid and complete coagulation, lower dosage and reduced risk of coagulant carryover

PRINCIPAL USES

- Primary coagulant, raw water clarification
- Coagulant aid with inorganic treatments
- Inorganic coagulant reduction
- Direct filtration
- Wastewater clarification

APPLICATION AREAS

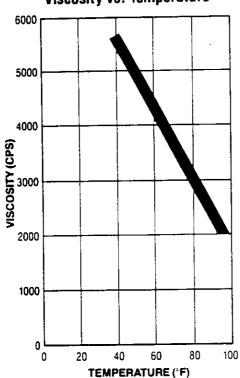
- Industrial and municipal raw water clarifiers
- Industrial and municipal wastewater clarifiers
- Wet scrubber thickeners
- Mineral processing thickeners
- Lime/soda softeners

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

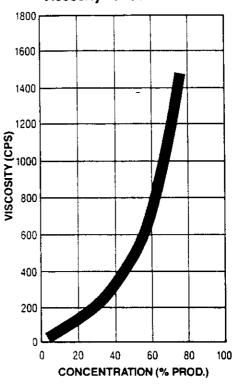
Appearance
Solubility
Density, lbs/gal
Flash Point
Freezing Point, °F
pH (as supplied)
Viscosity @ 75° F, supplied

Clear to pale yellow liquid Soluble in water in all proportions 8.6 Noncombustible 27 7.0±1.0 See graphs

NEAT PRODUCT Viscosity vs. Temperature



DILUTE PRODUC#13/Page 6 of 22 Viscosity vs. Concentration



PACKAGING

S

P 40

Q.

Cat-Floc L is available in non-returnable plastic drums, disposable liquibins, and bulk. Freight Classification: Resin compounds, synthetic. ■

STORAGE/FEED EQUIPMENT

Store Cat-Floc L in heated buildings or heat-traced tanks to prevent freezing. Although this product is freeze-thaw stable, stratification may occur upon freezing. Cat-Floc L will become homogeneous again upon agitation.

Undiluted Cat-Floc L is moderately corrosive to iron and copper, including their alloys. Storage tanks, chemical feed systems, and piping should be

constructed of high density (HDPE) or crosslinked (XLPE) polyethylene, fiberglass (FRP) with polyester or vinylester resins, epoxy or vinylester lined steel.

Pump liquid ends and piping should be constructed of polyethylene, propylene, PVC, CPVC, Kynar, 216 stainless steel, Viton, or Hypalon.

MAKEDOWN/ FEED SOLUTION

Cat-Floc L may be fed neat, however dilution to 1% as product is recommended to assure better contact of the coagulant with the impurities in the water. A Calgon SD, P-18, or LPB (Liquid Polymer Blender) feed system is recommended.

- Trademark of Du Pont
- · Trademark of Penwail

Information concerning human and environmental exposure may be reviewed on the Material Safety Data Sheet and label for this product.

For additional information regarding incidents involving human and environmental exposure, call (412) 777-8000 and ask for the Health and Environmental Affairs Department.

For more information, contact your local Calgon Representative or write: Water Management Division, Calgon Corporation, P.O. Box 1346, Pittsburgh, PA 15230.



Calgon Corporation P.O. Box 1346 Pittsburgh, PA 15230-1346 #13/Page 7 of 22

CALGON

SUBSIDIARY OF MERCK & CO., INC.

24 Hour Emergency Telephone-(412)777-8000

Section 1. PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME:

Cat-Floc L

CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION:

ION: Aqueous solution of cationic polymer

PRODUCT CLASS:

Water treatment

MSDS CODE: 0170-10-22-91

Section 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS AND EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical Name

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CAS

% by

Number

Weight OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV

No ingredients listed in this section

HAZARD COMMUNICATION STATUS: This product is not considered to be hazardous according to the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910,1200,

Section 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

****** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This product poses little or no immediate hazard.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:

None

TARGET ORGANS:

None

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Unknown

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 1

Continued on Page 2

#13/Page 8 of 22

POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

EYE CONTACT: This product would not be expected to produce irritation upon contact with the eye.

SKIN CONTACT: The product is not expected to cause skin irritation upon contact. Data indicate

that this product will not produce an allergic skin reaction or be absorbed through

the skin in harmful amounts.

INGESTION: This product would be expected to be practically non-toxic by ingestion.

INHALATION: This product is not expected to present an inhalation hazard.

SUBCHRONIC, CHRONIC:

In a subchronic toxicity study using rats, the active ingredient of this product was administered orally at doses of 5, 50, and 500 mg/kg. Animals in the 50 mg/kg group showed decreased weight gain, decreased food consumption and increased sleeping time. Animals in the 500 mg/kg group showed decreased weight gain, decreased food consumption, and alterations in red blood cells and blood proteins. Animals in the 5 mg/kg group showed no effects. Twelve-month feeding studies using rats and dogs given 2 and 200 ppm active ingredient in drinking water showed no significant adverse effects.

A similar product has been shown not to be mutagenic by the Ames assay. A teratology study in rabbits and a two-generation reproduction study in rats showed this product did not produce birth defects or affect reproduction.

CARCINOGENICITY:

NTP:

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 \checkmark

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No ingredients listed in this section

TARC

No ingredients listed in this section

OSHA:

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Not expected to require first aid measures.

SKIN CONTACT: Not expected to require first aid measures.

INGESTION: Not an expected route of overexposure.

INHALATION: Not an expected route of overexposure.

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 200°F This product is not flammable or combustible.

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not available UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not available

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 2 Continued on Page 3

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#13/Page 9 of 22

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EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fire.

FIRE-FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. A self-contained

breathing apparatus and protective clothing are essential.

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Product emits toxic gases under fire conditions.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, ammonia, oxides of

nitrogen.

Flammability = 0Reactivity = 0Special Hazard = None

Hazard rating scale: 0= Minimal 1= Slight 2= Moderate 3= Serious 4= Severe

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wearing appropriate personal protective equipment, contain spill, collect onto inert absorbent and place into suitable container. Hose spill area well since product can make floors slippery.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Health = 0

NFPA RATINGS:

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HANDLING: As part of good industrial and personal hygiene and safety procedure, avoid all unnecessary

exposure to the product and ensure prompt removal from eyes, skin and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed when not in use.

STORAGE: Product must be maintained at 38°F or higher. Protect from low temperatures.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Chemical splash goggles recommended as a good industrial hygiene practice.

SKIN PROTECTION: No special requirement.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None required.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: No specific recommendations.

Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: $> 212 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} (> 100 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

VAPOR PRESSURE: Similar to water SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.02 - 1.04

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Similar to water

pH: 6.0 - 8.0

Page 3 Issue Date: 1/25/93 Continued on Page 4

#13/Page 10 of 22

% VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: ~ 80

FREEZING POINT: Not available

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Viscous, clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

No specific information.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids and bases, carbon steel, copper

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, ammonia, oxides of

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ON PRODUCT:

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Oral LD50 (rat): 14.6 g/kg

Dermal LD50 (rabbit): > 20 g/kg (testing on a 40% solution of the polymer)

Eye irritation: A 40% solution of the polymer when instilled in rabbit eyes did not produce any ocular irritation during the 7-day observation period with the exception of one test eye in the no wash group at 24 hours which showed slight conjunctival effects.

Skin irritation: The primary skin irritation index (rabbits) for 40% solution of the polymer was found to be 1.0/8. Skin sensitization: Human patch testing on a higher molecular weight version of the polymer has shown that it is not a skin sensitizer.

ON INGREDIENTS:

Chemical Name

Oral LD₅₀

Dermal LD₅₀ (rabbit) Inhalation LCs (rat)

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ON PRODUCT:

See information on polymer below.

ON INGREDIENTS:

Chemical Name

Poly(dimethyldiallylammonium chloride)-40% solution

Aquatic Toxicity Data

96 hr LC50 (bluegill sunfish): 0.82 - 1.3 ppm

96 hr LC50 (rainbow trout): 0.37 ppm

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 0.9 ppm (in clear

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 1.2 - 2.5 ppm (in 50

ppm day suspension)

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 24.8 ppm (in 1000

ppm clay suspension)

Note a substantial reduction in toxicity is observed

under turbid conditions.

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 4 Continued on Page 5

1 TA/4 1

#13/Page 11 of 22

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA STATUS: Discarded product, as sold, would not be considered a RCRA Hazardous Waste.

DISPOSAL: Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

Hazard Class: Not restricted

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable

ID Number: Not applicable

Label: None

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Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Status: Nonhazardous

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical Substances Inventory.

CERCLA reportable quantity of EPA hazardous substances in product:

Chemical <u>RQ</u>

No ingredients listed in this section

Product RQ: (Notify EPA of product spills exceeding this amount.) Not applicable

SARA TITLE III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:

Chemical Name CAS # RO TPO

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 311 and 312 Health and Physical Hazards:

Immediate Delayed Fire Pressure Reactivity [no] [no] [no] [no] [no]

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Chemical Name CAS # % by Weight

No ingredients listed in this section

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

Page 5 Issue Date: 1/25/93 Continued on Page 6

ATT ACH.

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Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS:

Health = 0

Flammability = 0

Reactivity = 0

Personal Protective Equipment = A

Hazard rating scale: 0= Minimal 1= Slight 2= Moderate 3= Serious 4= Severe

MSDS REVISION SUMMARY:

This MSDS has been revised in Section 9.

While this information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, CALGON CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT HERETO AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FROM RELIANCE THEREON.

PREPARED BY:

P.J. Maloney/J.P. Myers

MSDS Code: 0170-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

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ATTACH 1



WATER MANAGEMENT DIVISION

#13/Page 13 of 22

POLYMER PRODUCTS & SERVICES

Bulletin No.

4-82

CAT-FLOC® TL LIQUID CATIONIC POLYMER

DESCRIPTION

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Calgon® Cat-Floc TL is a medium molecular weight low monomer cationic polyelectrolyte used as a primary coagulant or coagulant aid in water clarification. It is highly effective as a replacement for, or can be used in conjunction with, inorganic coagulants such as ferric salts or alum. Cat-Floc TL is chlorine resistant and effective over a broad pH range.

REGULATORY STATUS

- 1.) E.P.A.: Cat-Floc TL is accepted by the Environmental Protection Agency for treating drinking water supplies at concentrations not exceeding 50 mg/L.
- 2.) F.D.A.; Cat-Floc TL meets Reg. 176.170 for manufacture of paper for indirect food contact.

PRODUCT FEATURES

- Completely water soluble
- Chlorine resistant
- Effective over a broad pH range
- Does not affect finished water pH
- Produces a compact, easily dewatered sludge
- Low monomer content (less than 1%)

BENEFITS

- · Can be diluted for optimum use
- Product performance is not adversely affected by chlorination
- Applicable to systems with wide pH swings
- Can eliminate the need for pH adjustment chemicals
- Reduced sludge volume and sludge handling costs
- More rapid and complete coagulation, lower dosage and reduced risk of coagulant carryover

PRINCIPAL USES

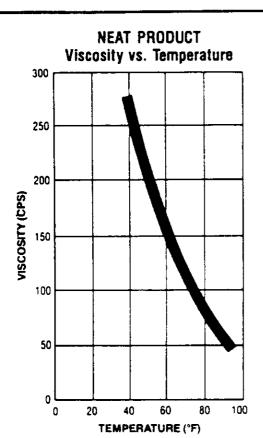
- Primary coagulant, raw water clarification
- Coagulant aid with inorganic treatments
- Inorganic coagulant reduction
- Direct filtration
- · Wastewater clarification

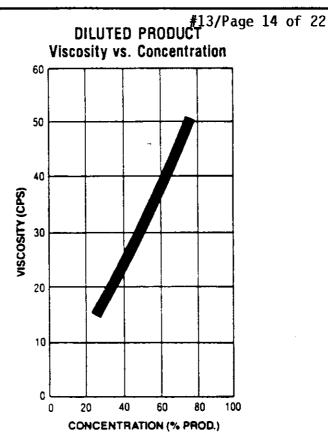
APPLICATION AREAS

- Industrial and municipal raw water clarifiers
- Industrial and municipal wastewater clarifiers
- Wet scrubber thickeners
- Mineral processing thickeners
- Lime/soda softeners

TYPICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance			. .	 	 	 	 	 	 					C	lea	r to	p	ale	yell	ow I	iquid
Appearance Solubility				 	S	olu	ble	in	Wa	iter	r ir	al	ľpro	opor	tions						
Density				 									8.6	ibs	./gai						
Flash Point				 			٠.				. 1	lor	con	nbus	stible						
Freezing Point .				 					.					2	27° F						
pH (as supplied)				 	 	 	 	 	 											. 3.5	+0.2
Viscosity @ 75° F	supp	lied .		 									Se	е аг	aphs						





PACKAGING

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Cat-Floc TL is available in non-returnable plastic drums, disposable liquibins, and bulk. Freight Classification: Resin compounds, synthetic.

STORAGE/FEED EQUIPMENT

Store Cat-Floc TL in heated buildings or heat-traced tanks to prevent freezing. Although this product is freeze-thaw stable, stratification may occur upon freezing. Cat-Floc L will become homogeneous again upon agitation.

Undiluted Cat-Floc TL is moderately corrosive to iron and copper, including their alloys. Storage tanks, chemical feed systems, and piping should be constructed of high density (HDPE) or crosslinked (XLPE) polyethylene, fiberglass (FRP) with polyester or vinylester resins, epoxy or vinylester lined steel.

Pump liquid ends and piping should be constructed of polyethylene, propylene, PVC, CPVC, kynar, 316SS, viton, or hypaton.

MAKEDOWN/FEED SOLUTION

Cat-Floc TL may be fed neat, however dilution to 1% as product is recommended to assure better contact of the coagulant with the impurities in the water. A Calgon SD, P-18, or LPB (Liquid Polymer Blender) feed system is recommended.

Information concerning human and environmental exposure may be reviewed on the Material Safety Data Sheet and label for this product.

For additional information, regarding incidents involving human and environmental exposure, call (412) 777-8000 and ask for the Regulatory and Trade

Affairs Department.

Calgon Corporation P.O. Box 1346 Pittsburgh, PA 15230-1346



24 Hour Emergency Telephone--(412)777-8000

PRODUCT NAME:

Cat-Floc TL

CHEMICAL DESCRIPTION: Aqueous solution of cationic polymer

PRODUCT CLASS:

Water treatment

MSDS CODE: 0171-10-22-91

Section 2. HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS AND EXPOSURE LIMITS

Chemical Name

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CAS

% by

Number

Weight OSHA PEL

ACGIH TLV

No ingredients listed in this section

HAZARD COMMUNICATION STATUS: This product is not considered to be hazardous according to the criteria of the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

Section 3. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

****** EMERGENCY OVERVIEW

This product poses little or no immediate hazard.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF ENTRY:

None

TARGET ORGANS:

None

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: Unknown

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 1

Continued on Page 2

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#13/Page 16 of 22

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POTENTIAL HEALTH EFFECTS:

This product would not be expected to produce irritation upon contact with the eye. EYE CONTACT:

The product is not expected to cause skin irritation upon contact. Data indicate SKIN CONTACT:

that this product will not produce an allergic skin reaction or be absorbed through

the skin in harmful amounts.

This product would be expected to be practically non-toxic by ingestion. INGESTION:

This product is not expected to present an inhalation hazard. INHALATION:

SUBCHRONIC, CHRONIC:

In a subchronic toxicity study using rats, the active ingredient of this product was administered orally at doses of 5, 50, and 500 mg/kg. Animals in the 50 mg/kg group showed decreased weight gain, decreased food consumption and increased sleeping time. Animals in the 500 mg/kg group showed decreased weight gain, decreased food consumption, and alterations in red blood cells and blood proteins. Animals in the 5 mg/kg group showed no effects. Twelve-month feeding studies using rats and dogs given 2 and 200 ppm active ingredient in drinking water showed no significant adverse effects.

A similar product has been shown not to be mutagenic by the Ames assay. A teratology study in rabbits and a two-generation reproduction study in rats showed this product did not produce birth defects or affect reproduction.

CARCINOGENICITY:

NTP:

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No ingredients listed in this section

No ingredients listed in this section

OSHA:

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

EYE CONTACT: Not expected to require first aid measures.

SKIN CONTACT: Not expected to require first aid measures.

INGESTION: Not an expected route of overexposure.

INHALATION: Not an expected route of overexposure.

Section 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT: > 200°F (TCC) This product is not flammable or combustible.

LOWER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not available UPPER FLAMMABLE LIMIT: Not available

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: Not available

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Page 2 Issue Date: 1/25/93 Continued on Page 3

#13/Page 17 of 22

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Use extinguishing media appropriate for the surrounding fire.

FIRE-FIGHTING INSTRUCTIONS: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. A self-contained

breathing apparatus and protective clothing are essential.

FIRE & EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Product emits toxic gases under fire conditions.

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, ammonia, oxides of

nitrogen.

NFPA RATINGS: Health = 0 Flammability = 0 Reactivity = 0 Special Hazard = None

Hazard rating scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

Section 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Wearing appropriate personal protective equipment, contain spill, collect onto inert absorbent and place into suitable container. Hose spill area well since product can make floors slippery.

Section 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

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HANDLING: As part of good industrial and personal hygiene and safety procedure, avoid all unnecessary

exposure to the product and ensure prompt removal from eyes, skin and clothing.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Keep container closed when not in use.

STORAGE: Store product in heated buildings or heat-traced tanks to prevent freezing. Although this

product is freeze-thaw stable, stratification may occur upon freezing. The product will

become homogeneous again upon agitation. Do not store in stainless steel bulk tanks.

Section 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

EYE/FACE PROTECTION: Chemical splash goggles recommended as a good industrial hygiene practice.

SKIN PROTECTION: No special requirement.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: None required.

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: No specific recommendations.

SATISFACTORY MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION: Storage tanks, chemical feed systems, and piping should be constructed of high density or crosslinked polyethylene, fiberglass with polyester, or vinylester resins, epoxy or vinylester lined steel. Pump liquid ends and piping should be constructed of polyethylene, polypropylene, PVC, kynar, 316SS, viton, or hypalon.

UNSATISFACTORY MATERIALS OF CONSTRUCTION: Undiluted product is moderately corrosive to iron and copper, including their alloys.

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 3
Continued on Page 4

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Section 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

BOILING POINT: > 212°F (> 100°C)

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Complete

VAPOR PRESSURE:

Similar to water

SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 1.02 - 1.04

VAPOR DENSITY (air = 1): Similar to water

pH: 3.0 - 4.0

% VOLATILE BY WEIGHT: ~ 80

FREEZING POINT: 27°F

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

Slightly viscous, clear, colorless to pale yellow liquid

Section 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

CHEMICAL STABILITY: Stable

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: Will not occur

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

No specific information.

INCOMPATIBILITY: Strong acids and bases, carbon steel, copper

DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

Carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, hydrogen chloride, ammonia, oxides of

nitrogen.

Section 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ON PRODUCT:

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Oral LD50 (rat): 14.6 g/kg

Dermal LD50 (rabbit): > 20 g/kg (testing on a 40% solution of the polymer)

Eye irritation: A 40% solution of the polymer when instilled in rabbit eyes did not produce any ocular irritation during the 7-day observation period with the exception of one test eye in the no wash group at 24 hours which showed slight conjunctival effects.

Skin irritation: The primary skin irritation index (rabbits) for 40% solution of the polymer was found to be 1.0/8. Skin sensitization: Human patch testing on a higher molecular weight version of the polymer has shown that it is not a skin sensitizer.

ON INGREDIENTS:

Chemical Name *No ingredients listed in this section* Oral LD₅₀ (rat)

Dermal LD₅₀ __(rabbit) Inhalation LC₅₀ (rat)

Section 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ON PRODUCT:

See information on polymer below.

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

Page 4 Continued on Page 5

ATTACH 7

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET #13/Page 19 of 22

ON INGREDIENTS:

Chemical Name

Poly(dimethyldiallylammonium chloride)-40%

solution

Aquatic Toxicity Data

96 hr LC50 (bluegill sunfish): 0.82 - 1.3 ppm

96 hr LC50 (rainbow trout): 0.37 ppm

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 0.9 ppm (in clear

water)

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 1.2 - 2.5 ppm (in 50

ppm clay suspension)

48 hr LC50 (Daphnia magna): 24.8 ppm (in 1000

ppm clay suspension)

Note a substantial reduction in toxicity is observed

under turbid conditions.

Section 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA STATUS: Discarded product, as sold, would not be considered a RCRA Hazardous Waste.

DISPOSAL:

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Dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Section 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT CLASSIFICATION:

Hazard Class: Not restricted

Proper Shipping Name: Not applicable

ID Number: Not applicable

Label: None

Section 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

OSHA Hazard Communication Status: Nonhazardous

TSCA: The ingredients of this product are listed on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Chemical

Substances Inventory.

CERCLA reportable quantity of EPA hazardous substances in product:

<u>Chemical</u>

RQ

No ingredients listed in this section

Product RO:

Not applicable

(Notify EPA of product spills exceeding this amount.)

SARA TITLE III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances:

Chemical Name

CAS #

RO

TPQ

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 311 and 312 Health and Physical Hazards:

Immediate [no]

Delayed [no]

Fire [no]

Pressure [no]

Reactivity [no]

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

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Continued on Page 6

ATTACH 2

#13/Page 20 of 22

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Chemical Name

CAS #

% by Weight

No ingredients listed in this section

Section 16. OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS RATINGS:

Health = 0

Flammability = 0

Reactivity = 0

Personal Protective Equipment = A

Hazard rating scale: 0 = Minimal 1 = Slight 2 = Moderate 3 = Serious 4 = Severe

MSDS REVISION SUMMARY:

This MSDS has been revised in Section 9.

While this information and recommendations set forth herein are believed to be accurate as of the date hereof, CALGON CORPORATION MAKES NO WARRANTY WITH RESPECT HERETO AND DISCLAIMS ALL LIABILITY FROM RELIANCE THEREON.

PREPARED BY:

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P.J. Maloney

MSDS Code: 0171-10-22-91

Issue Date: 1/25/93

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213 D. Zone Settling Rate

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1. General Discussion

The zone settling rate of activated sludges is used in the design of final sedimentation tanks and in the assessment of operating condition changes. Activated sludge zone settling rate varies in response to changes in both process loading level and mixed liquor suspended solids concentration. Zone settling rate also varies with changes in nutrient levels, mixed liquor temperature, pH, turbulence, and the application of flocculents and flocculent aids. Zone settling rate can be a sensitive indicator of process condition changes as well as a useful tool in the design of treatment facilities and the interpretation of routine operating data.

2. Apparatus

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a. Settling vessel: One of the following is required:

1) Graduated cylinder, 1 l, recalibrated to read in inches and fractions thereof, and fitted with a stirring mechanism.

2) Cylindrical battery jar, calibrated in inches and fractions thereof, and having a 2- to 3-l capacity. Stirring mechanisms are not used commonly with a battery jar.

b. Stirring mechanism, with multiple vertical elements long enough to extend to near the cylinder bottom when inserted in a filled graduated cylinder. The stirring mechanism is connected directly to the output shaft of a clock motor or other drive mechanism capable of rotating it 12 rph.

3. Procedure

a. Fill the settling vessel with mixed liquor.

b. Insert a stirring mechanism into the test vessel if a 1-l cylinder is used. Activate the stirring mechanism.

c. Record the height of the sludge-liquid interface at 1-min intervals for at least 10 min or until enough data have been recorded to permit the construction of the required plot.

4. Calculation

Construct an arithmetic plot of sludge-liquid interface height in inches versus time in minutes. Draw a line of best fit through the straight-line portion of the graph. Determine the zone settling rate as the slope of the line. Express the test results in terms of feet per hour, computed as:

Zone settling rate = Slope, in./min×60 min/hr
12 in./ft

5. Precision and Accuracy

Zone settling rate is a function of mixed liquor suspended solids concentration. The reproducibility of zone settling rate determinations at a given solids concentration depends on the type of activated sludge being tested and the skill of the analyst in maintaining constant conditions from one set of tests to another. The zone settling rate of activated sludges having high sludge volume indices (more than 100 ml/g) sometimes will change in an erratic manner while activated sludges with low sludge

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION (200)

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volume indices usually give acceptable reproducibility.

It is advisable to run zone settling rate determinations in triplicate and average the results. Results of nine replicate determinations on a series of activated sludge samples with low sludge volume indices gave values for the standard deviations that were less than 20% of the respective mean values.

ATTACHMENT 3

1. General Discussion

a. Principle: A well mixed sample is evaporated in a weighed dish and dried to constant weight in an oven at 103 to 105 C. The increase in weight over that of the empty dish represents the total residue, which is an arbitrary quantity defined by the procedure followed. The determined values may not check with the theoretical value for solids calculated from the chemical analysis of water. Approximate methods for correlating the chemical analysis with the residue are available.1 Although the results may not represent the weight of actual dissolved and suspended solids in wastewater samples, the determination serves a useful purpose for plant control. In some instances, correlation may be improved

by adding 1 N sodium hydroxide to wastewater samples with a pH below 4.3 and maintaining the pH of 4.3 during evaporation. Correct the final calculation for the added sodium.

b. Interferences: Exclude large, floating particles or submerged agglomerates of nonhomogeneous materials from the sample. Disperse visible floating oil and grease with a blender before withdrawing a sample portion for analysis.

2. Apparatus

- a. Evaporating dishes: Dishes of 100-ml capacity made of the following materials:
 - 1) Porcelain, 90-mm diam.
- 2) Platinum—Generally satisfactory for all purposes.

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PHYSICAL EXAMINATION (200)

- 3) Vycor*
- b. Muffle furnace for operation at 550±50 C.
 - c. Steam bath.
- d. Drying oven, equipped with a thermostatic control capable of maintaining the temperature within a 2 C range.
- e. Desiccator, provided with a desiccant containing a color indicator of moisture concentration.
- f. Analytical balance, 200-g capacity, capable of weighing to 0.1 mg.

3. Procedure

- a. Ignite the clean evaporating dish at 550±50 C for 1 hr in a muffle furnace.
- b. Cool, desiccate, weigh, and store the dish in a desiccator until ready for use.
- c. Transfer the measured sample to the preweighed dish and evaporate to dryness on a steam bath or in a drying oven. Choose a sample volume that will yield a minimum residue of 25 mg to 250 mg, Estimate the volume from the conductivity. If necessary, add successive portions of sample to the same dish. When evaporating in a drying oven,

*A product of Corning Glass Works, Corning, N.Y.

- lower the temperature to approximately 98 C to prevent boiling and splattering.
- d. Dry the evaporated sample for at least 1 hr at 103 to 105 C.
- e. Cool the dish in a desiccator and weigh.
- f. Repeat the cycle of drying at 103 to 105 C, cooling, desiccating, and weighing until a constant weight is obtained, or until loss of weight is less than 4% of the previous weight, or 0.5 mg, whichever is less.

4. Calculation

mg/l total residue =
$$\frac{(A-B)\times 1,000}{\text{ml sample}}$$

where A = weight of sample + dish and B = weight of dish.

5. Precision and Accuracy

The precision of the method is about ± 4 mg or $\pm 5\%$. When the residue from a 50- to 100-ml sample of raw sewage was weighed, the standard deviation of the weighing was found to be 1.9 mg (n=3; 60×10), but the data are considered statistically unreliable because of sampling errors. On settled effluents, a standard deviation of 0.9 mg (n=1; 5×20) was found and is statistically reliable.

DON'T SAY IT --- Write It!

DATE: July 28, 1993

TO: Dib Goswami, Ecology Kennewick FROM: Eric Goller, RL A5-19
Paul Beaver, EPA B5-01

Telephone: 376-7326

cc: Jim Patterson, WHC H6-27 (w/o atts.)

Bob Henckel, WHC H6-02 (w/o atts.)

Alan Krug, WHC H6-02 (w/o atts.)

Bob Scheck, D&M G1-01 (w/o atts.)

Kay Kimmel, D&M G1-01 (w/o atts.)

SUBJECT: 100-HR-3 OU LFI GROUNDWATER INVESTIGATION VALIDATED DATA

Attached please find a document reporting validated data summaries from the 100-HR-3 OU LFI groundwater investigations. The document title and WHC identification number is:

WHC-SD-EN-TI-183 Data Validation Report for the 100-HR-3 Operable Unit First Quarter 1993 Groundwater Samples, rev 0.

Please feel free to contact me with any comments or questions regarding this document. In addition, comments or questions regarding the technical elements of this document can be directed to Bob Henckel (376-2091) or Alan Krug (376-5634).

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Ex Situ Soil Vitrification

John Ludowise Environmental Engineering Support Westinghouse Hanford Company

July 28, 1993

Agenda

- Treatability Testing
 - Crucible tests
 - Pacific Northwest Laboratories (PNL) capabilities, approach
 - Continuous "bench scale" tests
 - Minimum Additive Waste Stabilization (MAWS) pilot plant, Fernald Environmental Restoration Management Corporation (FERMCO)
 - √ Vitreous State Laboratory (VSL), Catholic University of America
- DOE ex situ soil vitrification programs
 - PNL Terra-Vit
 - Vortec combustion and melter system (CMS) demonstration program

Treatability Testing

Crucible Tests

- Crucible testing generally used to determine process parameters
 - Glass formulation
 - Temperature versus viscosity curve
 - Electrical conductivity
- Glass from crucible tests can be used to determine glass material characteristics
 - Leachability, TCLP
 - Glass microstructure

Continuous Melter Tests

- Bench or pilot scale units, depending on technology
- Tests depend on melter type using scaled down version of actual melter
- Tests cannot be provided by crucible tests
 - Off-gas system design
 - Effect of "cold caps"
 - Recycle of components recovered in off-gas

PNL Crucible Testing Program

- Capability to conduct crucible tests on both clean and contaminated materials
- Possible approach for 1 sample
 - Analyze soil (if necessary)
 - Prepare surrogate soil or use soil from noncontaminated region of Hanford
 - Approximately 12 vitrification tests on this soil to determine glass formulation
 - Crucible melt using this formulation and contaminated soil - viscosity & electrical conductivity of molten glass; TCLP of product
 - QA for these analyses at a low level, higher level of QA used on glass samples produced from actual pilot plant

Fernald Environmental Restoration Management Corp. (FERMCO)

- 300 kg/day bench scale Joule-heated ceramic melter (JHCM) being constructed as part of Minimum Additive Waste Stabilization (MAWS) Program
- MAWS includes soil washing, water treatment and vitrification processes
- MAWS pilot plant designed to handle contaminated materials
- FERMCO has a proposal to do testing of waste from other DOE sites at the MAWS pilot plant
 - Need local approval to receive off-site waste for processing
 - May need variance to treatability exclusion rule

Vitreous State Laboratory

- Can perform a wide range of tests from crucible size to small scale continuous melters
- Fernald has a contract in place strong probability this will be opened up to other DOE sites
- Capability to handle contaminated (radioactive and hazardous) materials

DOE Ex Situ Vitrification Programs

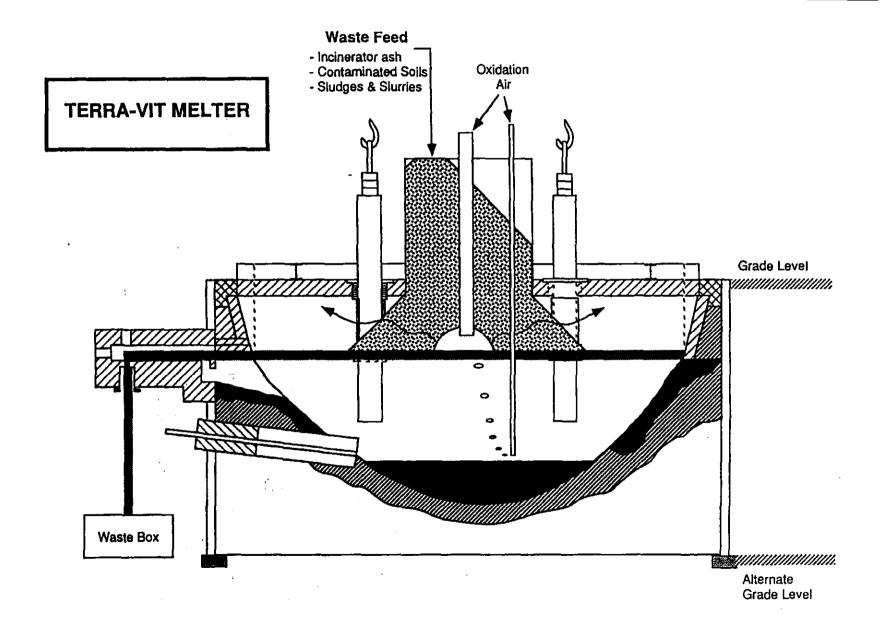
Representative Melter Systems

- PNL Terra-Vit
- Vortec Combustion and Melting System (CMS)

Terra-Vit (PNL)

- Similar to in situ vitrification (ISV)
 - Excavate pit
 - Line with native refractory stone or more glass resistant refractory
 - Assemble refractory roof
 - Assemble refractory lined discharge section
 - Insert electrodes
- Melter is continuously fed with overflow of glass product to a mold or container
- Residence time of several days
- PNL expects to conduct pilot scale <u>proof of principle</u> test by end of September 1993

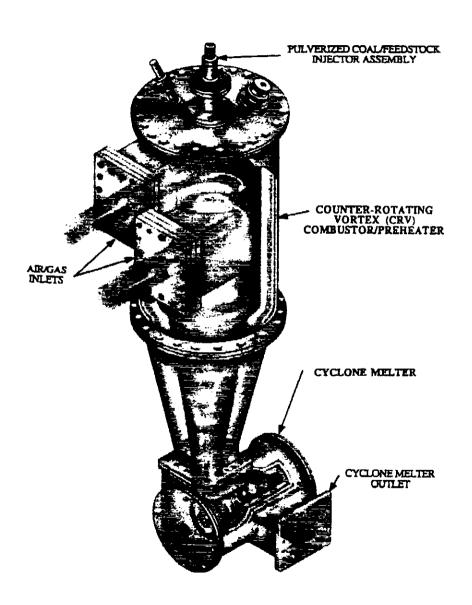
Terra-Vit Melter



Vortec Combustion and Melting System (CMS)

- CMS is a proprietary system comprised of two main parts
 - Combustor/Preheater vertically mounted counter rotating vortex (CRV) that provides a high convective heat transfer to the feed particles
 - Fossil fuel fired (coal, natural gas, heating oil, etc.)
 - Cyclone melter mounted horizontally and collects glass on the walls
 - Residence time 5 minutes
- Vitrified surrogate samples of Hanford low level tank waste July 15, 1993
- Contract to vitrify surrogate high level tank waste by September 1993

Vortec CMS



Morgantown Energy Technology Center (METC) Program

- Vortec awarded contract funded by EM-50 and administered by METC: demonstrate remediation of soils containing radioactive and/or hazardous constituents
- Three phase program
 - Phase 1 Pilot plant studies using surrogate soils in Pittsburgh (complete by Oct. 31, 1993)
 - Phase 2 15 to 25 ton/day integrated CMS facility at a DOE site for ~30 days (testing to begin in early FY 1995)
 - Phase 3 50 to 100 ton/day integrated CMS facility at a DOE site for ~180 days

Selection of the Vortec Demonstration Site

- Representatives of Vortec visited Hanford in mid June to discuss potential for demonstrating CMS
- The fines fraction from soil washing is expected to be of a size and chemical nature that should be an ideal feed for the Vortec CMS
- Vortec CMS demonstration at Hanford would fit well with existing plans to demonstrate an integrated approach to contaminated soil remediation
- Vortec will recommend a demonstration site by the end of July 1993

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

100 AREA ISV PILOT-SCALE TREATABILITY STUDY FOR RETRIEVED BURIAL GROUND WASTE

JA-KAEL LUEY

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

OUTLINE

Background

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What is ISV

Benefits and limitations of ISV

Conceptual remedy alternative with ISV

Fit into RI/FS process

Treatability study overview

Expected results

BACKGROUND

Problem - 100 Area burial ground waste

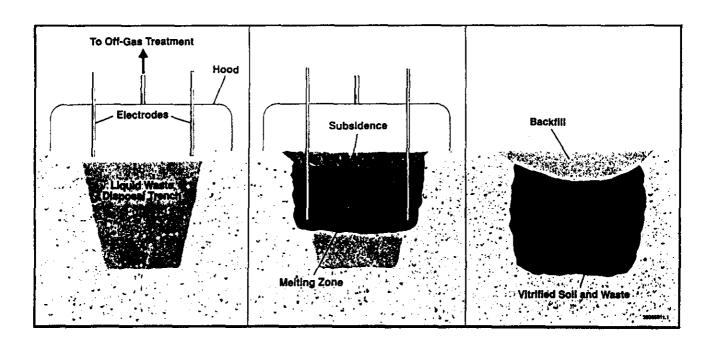
Remedy alternative - Retrieve, treatment, and disposal

Issue - Long-term subsidence

Need - Method to stabilize solid waste

Potential solution - ISV on staged waste sites

ISV Operating Sequence



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BENEFITS OF ISV

- Waste volume reduction (up to %70)
- Incorporation of inorganics into a durable product
- Destruction and/or capture of organics
- Ability to process heterogeneous wastes
- Commercially available for contaminated soils

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

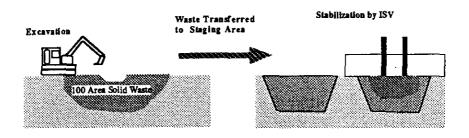
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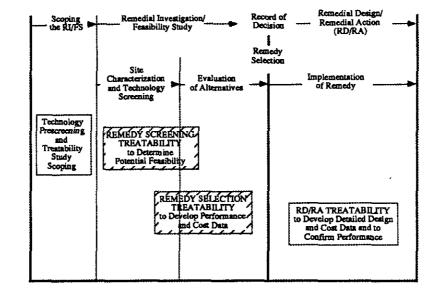
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ISV LIMITATIONS

- · Demonstrated at depths up to 19 ft
- Not applicable for a recharged aquifer
- · Minimum alkali content of 1.4 wt% needed
- Not applicable for confining situtations (e.g., tanks and drums)
- · Demonstrated for 25 wt% metal

INTEGRATION OF ISV WITH 100 AREA RETRIEVAL AND DISPOSAL





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ISV TREATABILITY STUDY

- Pilot-scale ISV demonstration
- · Performed on staged site

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- Utilizes nonhazardous and nonradioactive material
- Will provide: data to evaluate ISV as physical stabilization data to develop conceptual full-scale scenario data to estimate application costs
- Will NOT provide: data on contaminant distribution in product data on leachability data on fate of contaminants

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

MAJOR TEST PLAN SECTIONS

PROJECT DESCRIPTION REMEDIAL TECHNOLOGY DESCRIPTION **TEST OBJECTIVES EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN AND PROCEDURES** SITE LAYOUT SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS DATA MANAGEMENT DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION **HEALTH AND SAFETY** WASTE MANAGEMENT **COMMUNITY RELATIONS REPORTS** SCHEDULE MANAGEMENT AND STAFFING TEST SPECIFIC PROCEDURES REFERENCES

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DEMONSTRATION TEST OBJECTIVES

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

Demonstrate ISV as a stabilization technique for retrieved burial ground waste

KEY CRITERIA

Minimize void space in final product

Destroy and/or remove combustible material

Define the ISV operating envelope for application to combustible and compactable waste

KEY CRITERIA

Identification of waste composition range
Identification of waste configuration
Identification of operating parameters

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Demonstrate ISV on a Site that Contains Significant Quantities of Combustible Materials

KEY CRITERIA

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No molten soil displacement events

Verification of computational model predictions

EXPECTED RESULTS

Data collected from pilot-scale treatability study will support evaluation of ISV as a stabilization technique for retrieved burial ground waste. The major criteria that will be used for this evaluation are EFFECTIVENESS, IMPLEMENTABILITY, and COST.

Pacific Northwest Laboratory

EXAMPLE OF INFORMATION TO SUPPORT EVALUATION

EFFECTIVENESS

Elimination of subsidence mechanisms Product characteristics

IMPLEMENTABILITY

Staging requirements
Processable waste forms and compositions
Identified equipment modifications

COST

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Processing rates
Power requirements
Secondary waste
Equipment costs

STATUS OF 100-NR-1 AND 100-NR-2 OU WORK PLANS

- 1. DOE/Ecology/EPA meeting held on June 29, 1993 to discuss status.
 - NR-1 had four unresolved comments related to schedule and integration and NR-2 had 2 such comments.
 - General agreement to resolve the impasse by rewording the comment disposition and work plan text to be flexible. Try to allow for at least one IRM to start early.
 - = Recommendation to Ecology to withdraw issue position papers.
 - Jack Donnelly to check with D. Goswami to see if NR-2 can proceed as NR-1.
 - WHC to revise text and comment dispositions.

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- 2. NR-1 work plan, Draft C and NR-2 work plan Draft B to be available in mid-August to verify incorporation of all previous comments.
- 3. Revised text, dispositions and schedules for previously unresolved comments to be available in mid-August.

			Attachment	#18		Page 1	of 2	1
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Page 2 of 2

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Page 3 of 3

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\	ļ. 		120 Drilling stops, the borebole is sealed, and there is 1.8' of stickup									
			n the 8"oc.s. threaded casing.									
			132 Geologist leaves zone.									
	<u> </u>	1563 (503 Geologist challenges OUM#022, reads 105. 1 ppm with 101 ppm									
	_		alibration 595, Ludlum#5684 Reads 7000 cpm & (probe #083077), 500 cpm B (probe#083679).									
	- 		eologist leaves si		11.							
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		section	, /-5.0' section,	<u>/_:</u>	5.021 section), giving a	casing total of						
		30.81'	(8"oc.s. threaded),	, ar	d the casing was go	luanced from						
		11' to	29.01'									
	V				1 of a 0.5 hr. lunch.							
ļ 	\	4. Two	o split tube sample	es (chemical) were taken;	1 from 22.9'-						
	\	26.9';	the D-liner (24.9] - 25	(4') was sampled as samp	ole BOBR95, and						
	 	_		ع)	78'-28.5') was sampled	as sample #						
	 \ 	BOBR	98•									
<u> </u>	 		A									
	+	N										
	 \											
00	1 11	l			\ C \ \ - \							
Report By		n/horn		Revie	wod By T.W. SpiceR FTL 1010 LW. Species	- 7.1103						
Title <u>Geolo</u> Signature <u>Ma</u>	gist	101		Title	111 1 1	_ Date _7-16-93_						
10:	NT. Thek	VI.or	i «	S								

												
		CAB		D ACTIVITY REPOR' L RIG - CONTINUAT		Page _ 2 _ of _ 3						
Date		Wall Numb	er .	Continuation of Report No.								
7-14	-93	199-B9	-4	3								
Depti	(feat)	Drilling Method		Dan	cription of Operations/Remarks							
From	То	(HT) (DB) (ST)		U68	caption of Operations/Notifiality							
	- NA		0900	Prillers change to :	split tube.							
35 3 0 -	mai 7/16/93	ST	0904	<u>Split tube sampl</u>	ing hagins, blows per 6	1:14,20,17,15,13						
	37.5	ST	0906	Split Fube Sumpli	ng ends, sampler was dr	1260 30 1100/08 connen						
			0911 Da	illers add drive bar	relisplit tube sampler is r	emoved and openal.						
3 z .5		DB										
	37.5	ŊВ	i	u '	11 5.02", Field Screening: 4000	2 Sprat, OSPMB, OVM=OPP						
37.5'		DB	DB 0924 Drilling resumes.									
37.5' DB 0932 Field Screening: Oum = 0.0 ppm, 2300cpmd, OcemB.												
38.5' DB 0941 Field screening: Oum=0.0ppm, 1900cpmk, OspmB												
	40'	DB	0947 F	ield screening: Oum	1=0.0 ppm, 1800 cpm1, 0 <pmb< th=""><th></th></pmb<>							
	41'	DB	09561	Field screening: oum	=0.0ppm, 1800 cpm 1, Ocpm B	,						
	42'	DB	1001 E	ield screening : our	1 = 0.0 ppm, 2000 cpm /, 0 cpm B							
			1002 Ocillers remove drive barrel, add split tube.									
42'		ST	1008 Split tube sampling hegins. Blows per (e": 11,16,16,10,9									
	44.5	ST	1012 S	plit tube sampling en	nds. Sampler was driven 30	" 85% Recovery						
	- NA		1016 D	cillers add drive bo	irrel.							
44.5	1/44	-08	1023 [Orillers add 5' of 8"	ocs. threaded casing.							
44.5		Dв	1033 1	Irilling resummes								
	43	OB			o cpail, OctinB, Oum=0. el							
	44	DB			000pm 8, 00pm B, 04M=0.01							
	46	DB			» српт, ОсршВ, Оит=е.0pp							
	47				encent, ocemb, ouri=a.op							
	48	OB	IIII Fie	Id screening: 2 180	ocpmy, aspmB, aum=0.0p	<u>em</u>						
$\sqrt{}$			1119 Pci	llers leave zone. The	ore is -0.25' of stickup (8"%)	c.s. threaded casing).						
			1145 111	Ts off site								
		ļ	1149 50	upleas, SSO offsite.								
	NA		1154 60	olegist challenges OU	m#222, read 97.3 ppm wil	7. 101.0 pm mm HIL12						
			calibrat	ing gas Ludlom #56	184 reals 84 probe# 0830	77) = (0500 pg cpa)						
				083679)= 7000								
			1209 6	enlogist leaves site								
					Α	11.00						
Report B	y Monty	Mehlho	ocn	F	Reviewed By T.W. SpiceR							
	•				TitleFTL	Date <u>7-19-93</u> _						
Signatur	neture Monty Mchlan Signeture 1W. Spring											

1.7

#18/Page_, 8 of 21

FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT CABLE TOOL RIG - CONTINUATION PAGE

Page 3 of 3

Date Well Number			er	Continuation of Report No.										
7-16-	93	199-B9	9-4	3										
Depti	n <i>(feet)</i>	Drilling Method	'	Dago	vinting of Onerstians/Remarks									
From	To	(HT) (DB) (ST)		Desci	iption of Operations/Remarks									
\		100/131/	5	•										
1			Summ / n/	ary.	Hed today, and the hole was advanced									
			1. 17 TO	2141 01 17 WQ5 QQ 21 L ZW	HELL TOOLST, CAXE THE BOXE COURS CAS COMMENT									
		 	1 70m 3	1' to 48'.	the 11 - 11 1 to the									
		 	2. 100	e sections at 800	s. threaded casing were added to the									
-		 	hole (1-5.02 Section, 1-	5.02 section, 1-3.0 section), giving a									
	ļ	-	Casing	ale (1-5.02' section, 1-5.02' section), giving a asing total of 45.85'. The 8"oc. threshed cosing was advanced										
				from 29.01' to 45.60'.										
		ļ	3. Con	3. Contractor time consisted of a O. Shr lunch, and a 3. Sho										
			afterna	fternown HPT meeting.										
	.		4. Two	chemical samples a	pere taken: Sample #BOBRBI was taken									
	<u> </u>		from 3	5' to 37.5', and D (35.5'-36'), and B (36,5'-37') liners (were									
			Sample	l, and sample #BO8	35.5'-36'), and B(36.5'-37') liners were RB2 was taken from A (2teorpm + 44'-445')									
			B (43.	5'-44'), and C (43'-	43.5') liners.									
			5. Rad	lialogical contaminati	on gradually decreases downhole, concl									
			(1705 /8	on comb ocemp	with not any chemical conformation being									
	NA		detecte		,									
	-1. 11													
	1	 		<u> </u>										
														
	 													
		V			A STATE OF THE STA									
	·	\												
		 												
		 \ 			N									
		 \ 												
Bu-s-	M. a	ty Mehl	thace	Ra	viewed By T.W.SpiceR									
		•		ľ	FTL Data 7-19-93									
Title	12000g	+a, 1	1//	Titt	nature JW Spicer									
Signatur	· Mar	in Thick	char-	Sig	nature /W Alfred									

,我们的解析,我们是是一个人,我们是一个人,我们是一个人,我们是一个人,我们是一个人,我们是一个人,我们们是一个人,我们是一个人,我们们是一个人,我们们是一个人, 第二十二章 第二十二

	FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT -										
					OOL RIG					Page _	<u> </u>
Date 7-19-		ll No. 19-189-4	Rig Model # BE ZZ	/- /1)/9 7/-1/9	Rig No. <i>HO -</i> スス <i>ーS2</i> //	Contract ER 3	t/Woi		Start Card N の8/666		Report No.
Estob	lish The		/ Extent of Co		,	,		Reference WHC-SD-EA Rev.O	N- AP-126,	Locat	ion -C-2a Crib
Caning	Size S	ot At ซีเมีย An 8 54 ว !	Type Shoe Si "C.S, Reverse OD = C Throads ID = 0	70 .75' 175'	Casing Start	<i>c</i> '	5	ng End Depth	ł		0700
			INTEGAS ID=0	اکم) .	76			h Ended 仏・ら′	1		/530
	ce/Measuri				Total Shift F	(t Footage Contractor Time 7.25 /					
Gro	ound S	urface				8.5'			lotai	Itme	<u>8,0 77.5</u>
Material		H1	and ladicasing		Cont	tract Line	item:	9	Personnel		
4.99'	of 8"x	7 C.S. #10	rended casing ended casing		5 hr lu				Operator A DRLR: L.U	beden	_ Lic No. [22]
'	7 0.75						<u>//</u>		HLPR: K.O	Jarri. Ison	25
								FTL: T. Spi	cer		
								550; M. B HPT: B. Het	aker		
							<u>D</u>		Sampler . K	Hulse	L. L. Rogers
<u> </u>								Geo! M.n	rehin	orn	
 		Drilling	1	<u> </u>	, .				- · · - · ·		
Depti	h <i>(feet)</i>	Method			De	escription	s of O	perations/Rema	erk e		
From	То	DB ST									
Δ			0702 Geolo	الحديد	and de	ill cre	ະພ	on site			
			0705 550	on_	site.						
			0717 FTL, sa	nsp	lers on	site					
			0720 Geologi calibration 9	<u>st-</u>	calibrate.	our	n # 0	127, rea	ds 102.6 p	pm a	with 101 ppm
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	calibration 9	زدم	Ludlon	, 4 50	684	reads u	udh Colema	n A	Partle:
	$\overline{}$	<u> </u>	X("083077)	= 7	000 cb	<u>m, f</u>	3 (40	83679) =	-7500 cp	<u> </u>	
	N/A		0753 HPT on.	s:te	, drilling	is de	Luye	1 because	at lack	of h	YPT's
			0757 Toilgote						····		
			0803 We BOX	<i></i>	pc						
		\	080 ORIX Drille	2	enter zon	e, una	l me	asuce boo	ebole gas	ندر کی	th P.I.D.,
	·		which are:	0 f	spw.			<u></u>			
			0825 Drillers						•		
			0832 Geolog	jist	measures	s site	bo	ekground,	which is	: 220	o sport, Ospone
			00m= 0.0 ppm.								
48'			0833 Dailin	_							
	48.5		0840 Fields	res	ening lep	acepa	r.o	cpmb. 0	<u>00 = 00</u>	fenz.	
		y Men	lhorn		[Reviewed	By .	T.W. 5	DICER		—
Title	Geologi an	ist 1.91.11	/		·	Title	<i>F</i> -7	<u></u>		Date	7-21-93
Signature	"Mont	1 Mehl	101-		⁹	Signature	. 1	was	leris_		

Page _2_ of _3_

19			Continuation of Rep	port Na.						
Oept	h (feet)	Drilling Method								
) 01 n	То	(HT) (DB) (ST)		Descrip	tion of Operations/Remarks					
	NA -		0841 Drillers add	Split to	be sampler					
48.2	mn19/11/15 -N+	ST	0845 Split tube s	ampling	begins Blows per (": 14,20,21,13,20					
)	50.7	ST	0848 Split tube se	amelina c	nds. Sampler was driven 30. Chemical					
		η	Sample # BO8 BR3,	Orchive	, and HPT sample taken. 85% recovery					
	N		0852 Drillers add	drive bac	rel.					
507		DB	0854 Orilling /com ca	sing deivi	ig begins.					
	<u>507</u>	DB	0908 Field screening	9: 1800	Epm X, Ocpm B, OUM = O.Oppm					
	5/.5	DB	0912 Field screening: 1600 cpm &, ncpmB, OUM = 0.0ppm, drillers add							
	- NA -		4.99' of 20 8" C.S. 7	hreaded	cosing.					
	52.5	DB			pm Y, Ocport, OUM= O.Oppin					
	53.5	DB			pm X, Ocpm B, OUM = 0.0ppm					
	54	DB	0947 Field screening	79: 1700 c	port, Ocemb, oum = o.oppn					
	55'	DB			de at 55; larchive, I HPT sample; field					
	N A		screening: 1800 cpn	n 1,000	mB, OUM=0.0 ppm					
	10		1000 Prillers add	split-tu	be sampler					
55		ST	1002 Split tube sa	mpling,	begins. Blows par 6": 12,50,122					
	<u>56.5</u>	ST	1007 Split tube sai	mplias el	nds, sampler was retysed at 56.5',					
			50% recovery, Ch.	emical so	ample # BOBRBY. & The Casing (8"0C.S.					
			threaded) is botton	ned at	54.2', has a total territh at stickup					
			of 1.6'.		· ·					
			1026 Drillers tag to	be bole	17 55.7!					
	\		030 Gamma logges	<u>s lowe</u>	c probe into hole and begin logging.					
			1035 Geologist Lacill	crew le	aut Zone.					
	N/A		130 Drillers break fo	or lunch	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
			1205 Prillers return	to wo	ck; gamna logging continues.					
			218 Westinghouse	Φ.D. 0n s	ite.					
		\	221 Westing house		•					
			1235 Geologist hegin							
			1335 Geologist com	pletes Ci	6+ Fest; Cr6+ is less than Soopphe					
				ologist Challenges OUN #022, which feder reads 97.6 ppm						
		\	412 Geologist Chal	lenzes OL	201 #022, which feed reads 97.6 ppm					
Report By	Mon	ty Nehl			ved By T. W. Spicer					
Title	Geolog	rist		Title .	FTL Date 7-21-93					
Signature	Monty	Muhl	٤٠	Signate	10 J.W. Spicer					

Page _ 3_ of _ 3_

 .a	Well Number 19-93 199-89-			Continuation of Report No.								
		Drilling	7-9	4								
⊖eptl —— : From	to (feet)	Mathod (HT)		Description of Operations/Remarks								
·		(DB) (ST)	with 1	ol ppnz calibration	gas. Ludlum # 5684 reads with							
1			Colem	an mantle: X(#	083077) = 7000cpm, B (#0831,79)=							
		1			in zone is complete.							
			1 .		r .							
1		1	7730 0	reologist leaves site								
\\			Su-1100									
\ \		 	Summa		est and the late of and							
		 			was 8.5', and the hole was advanced							
			from 7	8 70 565 (fote/ de	A 713:1193 , ,							
	 	ļ	2. 1wo	sections at 8 & c	oth). A 7171193 S. Threaded cosing were added (1-4.96) 55.871 mm +APPE							
		ļ	Section	, 1-4.99' section),	bringing the casing total to 55.8%. The							
	\	 	8"0c.s.	casing was advant	red from 48 45.6' to a final depth of							
	\	<u> </u>		with a stickup of								
			3. Co.	tactor time consi	isted of a 0.5 hr lunch, and a 0.75 hr							
	<u> </u>	ļ	HPT de	lay.								
	NA		4. Two	chemical samples	were taken: 48.2'-50.7': Sample #AD8							
			RB3 (D(48.7'-47.2') and ((49,2'-49,7')-liners were sampled, and							
		[6.5'; sampling intervals were shortened							
			due to	split tube samo	Ver refusal (possible cobbles); all liners							
				sampled.								
					ed from 1030 to 1337.							
			la The	Color contact at	the sediments of 56.5 is less than							
		1										
			500 pp	<u> </u>								
												
		 \ 										
		-										
		 	<u></u>		7							
		 \ 										
	 ,	 										
		\										
		<u> </u>										
Report By	Mon	ty Mebl	horn_	Rev	riowed By T.W. Spicer							
Title	Geolog	ist		Tid	o FTL Date 7-21-93							
Signatura	1100	to ned	Marin	Titl	nature 1W Species							

			HIID AGD		RT -		1		
				TOOL RIG				1ot/	
Date 7-20-	73 /24	in B2-9	Big Model BE 22	Rig No. 40- 22-5211	ER .	:t/Work Order No. 393/	Start Card N		Report No.
Purpose Estal	disin to	he Vert	ical Extent o	(Contomin	ation	EN-AP-120	116	ion -C-Za Crib	
Ceeing Si			Type Shoe Size $L=0.75^{\circ}$ Reverse $00=0.75^{\circ}$	Casing Star 54.2'	t Depth	Casing End Depth	_]		0700
	\ 2) .	7	hreads ID=0.65	Py Depth Start らと、S		Depth Ended らん.5			1530
Reference	e/Mensurin		111 6003	Total Shift			[Ohrs
Ground	1 Sur	foce		1	1.7		Tota	l Time	8.5hrs
Materials	Used			Cor	ntract Lin	Personnel	,		
				8.5 hr.	annua	/refresher	DRLR:2.0 HLPR:k.C	Uatki,	Lic No. /27/
							Other: FTL: T. Sy		
		NH			N A		KSO:M.BA	ker tzer	
						Sampler!	K. Huls	e, L.Rogers	
							Geo! M.M.	lehi/hioi	rn
Denth	(feet)	Drilling					<u> </u>		
From	То	Method HT DB		ı	Descriptio	n of Operations/Rer	merks		
		ST	0700 Wack	did and an		t this site	taday be	0000	se the
			driller and	haloac to	sk di	2 8 hs ann	ual rofce	sher	Gourse.
		<u> </u>	anner ana	neaper n	נואר יצונומ	<u> </u>			
	 								
	<u></u>	<u></u>							
							_ :		
	NA								
-	10 \0			······································	 ^	A			
		\							
		\							
	<u> </u>								
									
		\ \							
	. M1.	Moll	horn		Ravian	ad By Tul	SpiceR		
Heport B	sealas a	<u>/</u>	horn		Title	ed By T.W. FTL HO J.W.	7	Dat	· 7-21-93
Signature	an -	A 1/2010	har		Signate	1.41. 2	nece		
Signature		y rest			""	···-	7		

•										#18/P	age 1	13 of 2	<u>'1</u>
			FIE	LD ACT	IVI	TY REPO	RT -						
1				CABLE	T	OOL RIG						of	
Data 7-21		1 No. 1-139-4		Rig Model 3E2Z	- 1	Rig No. HO		:(Wor 3 <u>93</u>	k Order No. J	Start Card N		Report N	
Davana						Contamination Reference WHC-SD-E Rev. O			N-AP-126	Locat			
Casing		et At	Тупе	Shoe Siz	· ·	Casing Start	Depth		g End Depth	Start Time 0700			
8"	5	4.z' 8 R	φ c.s. Swerse	0 D = 0.3	75'	S 4. 乙' Depth Sterte	rted Depth Ended			End Time /530_			
- ;		<u>-</u>	hrends	10-0.	دی	55.85' Total Shift F				Contractor			
i	co/Measuri and Si	•				TOTAL SHILL		1		8.51			
Grov	una ov	J1 (LI C.)				33.65							11
	Materials Used 24-50 16 bags of bentonite holepluy					Cont	tract Line	ltem		Personnei			
144-5	\ <u>-</u>					25 hr.1	norhir	19 a	elay	Operator 🚣			1271
						75 hc. 1				DRLR: L.U HRTR: K.O	Datk Dison	ins	
		2	hr afte	r Door	<u>r de</u>	lay	FTL: T. SI	nicer					
						<u> </u>	SSO: M. A HPT: K.No						
				<u></u>			Samplers						
								<u> </u>		Geo: M.	17ehlh	ዕሶባ	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	<u> </u>									<u></u>
Dept	h (feet)	Drilling Method						(0					
From	То	DB ST					ascuptio	n of U	perations/Rem				
<u></u>				<i>Geologi</i>	<u>st (</u>	and dril	Lcreu	عما	site.		<u></u>		
	ļ	<u> </u>	0706	سي ٥٤٥	_5_	7e							
1	ļ <u>.</u>		0720	FTLon	نکت	10							
			1	HPT on									
\\	<u></u>		0735	we hold	\$ ±	ailgate	<u>meet</u> i	09	to disco	s hale	abar	doam	ent_
	<u> </u>		aption				 ,			·			
			0748	EILand		Iriller le	ave_	site	to disc	رده کور	الموص	backpu	عمنال
	NA									cribe			
ļ			0809	FTL OF	مك	driller 1	etucn.	We	Continue	to dis	<u>دىدې</u>	option	7 5
			، ما	sle abor					·	. 			
			08.28	FTL lea	200	site to	tolk	+0	Kikytala	about	bde	abana	lonmen
		\	option				 .			,			
			0848	FTLis	bac	k on sit	e						
			0915	Ocillers a	lon_	PPE and e	oler_z	ane_	to prepar	for hole	a bon	danmen	t
			ì	-T1 /eau					<u> </u>				
			0930	Orillers s	ef	up casing	decor	pac	d inside z	:07E		<u>.</u>	 .
Report B	y Mont					' '			T.W. 5,			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
1	no Geologist										_ Date	7.22	-93
	naturo Monty Mehlhor					1			l.w.Spr	•			
		-				I			•				

Page <u>Z</u> of <u>3</u>

-21-	.93	Well Numb		Continuation of Report No.	
`	h (feet) To	Drilling Method (HT) (DB) (ST)			scription of Operations/Remarks
<u>···</u>	Γ.	Method (HT) (DB) (ST)	10950 H 0956 F 0958 D throaded 91 over 1004 P drive her 1023 P drive her 1029 Dri 1032 Tag 0000 P drive her 1032 Tag 000 P drive her 1032 P 1032 P 1032 P 1034 P 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1037 P drive her 1047 Tag 1049 P 1049 P 1059 P 10	Priller tags hole hole PTS acrive on site. The on site. The on site. The on site. The one site. The depth is 36.5', The depth is 36.5',	llam at \$5.85', the bottom of the casing is 54.2 of bentonite have the stickup (1°06.5. 5', and the hole bottom is now 34.05', with g = \$1.5' (with drive head), \$0.83' without stickup is 1.9', overlap = 13.1', casing bottom is = 46.59' (with drive head), 45.87' with aut c. min = 12473 t. with Chypter Counting = 39.9' Chyptoles Jul 7122 h3 lickup = 2.15'), bottom of cassing: 44.39', g = 41.59' (with drive head), 40.87' without = 39.44' s' (stickup = 2.1'), overlap = 27.89' 22.94', as = 36.57' (with drive head), 35.85' without g = 33.62', stickup = 2.9' nerkp = 14.72' ag = 31.5' (with drive head), 30.83' without drive 8.85, stickup = 2.65' verkp = 8.9'
		1	IIC Ocill	llers cover hole an crew breaks for Il crew dons PPE	****
		\{\f\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	read), 2:	llers enter 20ne, 5.81' with out drive moval is delayed	pull 5.02', total casing = 26.48' (with drive head, bottom of casing = 24.25' stickup = 2.25' because of HPT.
itle <u>G</u> e	ologist	Mehlhorn		Re	viewed By T. W. SpiceR le FTL Date 7-22-93 mature J. W. Spicer

Page 3 of 3

-21-93		Well Numb 199-B9-		Continuation of Report No	•					
Depth //ee		Drilling Method (HT)		C	Descrip [,]	tion of Operations/Remarks				
From	Го	(DB) (ST)	1377		rs pa	repare to pull casing.				
\										
	-		1257 D	rillers add 4 ho	95 6	Z1.05', overlap = 3.18 of heatonite hele play	hes 1 md 7/22/93			
			1255 7	ag hole at 11.7	5' u	overlap = /2,51.				
				257 Pull 1.6; tag hole at 12.25"; bottom at casing = 22.63,						
			Augala.	Number = 10 38': Sticking = 3 85'						
			1302 T	Pull 1.75', 57in	COP	= 10.38 1, stickup =	3.85 5.56 , Tag			
			hole a	+ ZZ.ZY', casing	1 601	40m =20.92', overlap =	-/.32'.			
			/307 P	ull 1.65', total a	asin	y = 21.48 (with drive sho	ne), total casins = 20.			
						tickup =1.1', bottom o				
			,	, .		played until FTL com	proceed with			
 \				void bridging 1						
				FTL is back or						
			1325 L	Ociller tags hale	<u>4t</u>	dded !!!!				
N	\A_					pped until a 6" section	of Casing arrives			
	+		on site	e to bridge sp	DACE.	In Crib.				
	+		/335_	Drillers leave Z	cone.	We are waiting for	9 (a Wide Note.			
	_			teel cast sasing	, .		*****			
	-			IPT's are off s						
			_	V .		e; instruments wer	re Not used today			
			+01 5	Sample Screening	7	orposes.				
			Summa	ary.						
			1. The	borebak was	aba	adoned from 56.5's	to 22.2'; further			
		\	advance awaits resolution of unid-space material to be used.							
			2. The	total amount	of	8" ac.s. Casing remail	ning in the hole			
		\	is 21.	48' (with drive s	shoe), and has a stickup	ot 1.11.			
			3. A to	stal of 24 bogs	<u>of</u>	bentonite hale plug w	ere used (501b			
			15 21.48' (with drive shoe), and has a stickup of 1.1'. 3. A total of 24 bags of bentonite hale plug were used (50/b sacks). Sucks).							
						of a 2.25 hr. morning d	day, a 0.75 hr.			
	<u> </u>	200		and a 2 hr afte						
Report By	Yont,	y Mehl	heca		Revie	wed By T.W. Spicel				
rido <u>Ge</u> a	olog	ist L. 100	11.		Title	FTL sprin	Date 7-22-93			
Signatura 22	You?	ty The	lo-	<u>- </u>	Signa	ture S.W. Spicer				

					TY REPO	RT -			į		
			CA	BLE T	OOL RIG				ĺ	Page _	1 6 5
Date 7-22-	93 /99		Rig Mod BE 2		Rig No. 40- 22-5211	1		k Order No. '	Start Card No). 	Report No
Purpose			of Vertical		mination			Reference WHC-SD-E Rev. O	N-AP-126	Locat	ion -C-2a Crib
Casing S 8"	ize Se <i>N</i> ,	t At A 8"s	.c.s. threaded	oe Size <i>L=0.75</i> D =0.75 "O =0.45	Casing Start 20.38' Depth Starte		Dept	ng End Depth O' h Ended	-		<u>0700</u>
B-favana	o/Measurin	a Paint			22.2'		<u></u>	0'	Contractor		
	d Sur	-			JW1 7/	13/93	0		1		8.5hrs
Materials					Con	tract Lin	e Item	s	Personnel		
7.01 0	7.01' of 6" & c.s. casing with shoe 2.5 h						o Te	amster	Operator 2	CAKE	Lic No. 127/
17 bag	17 bags of bentonite hole plug (501h) delay						J		HLPR: K.O.	tkins Son	
3/4 ba	314 bag of Portland cement (9016) 0.5 hc								Other:		
<u> </u>				<u> </u>				1.1	FTL: T.Sp SSO: M. B	oker	
				 	5 ha at	terno	0/	delay_	HPT: K.M	orthru	ρ
ļ				-			ά		GEO: M.M.	non	n
				_		N	<u></u>		{		
		Drilling								 .	
Depth	h <i>(feet)</i>	Method					- of C	perations/Rem	.arka		
From	То	DB ST									
			0700 Ge	لخنوهاه	und dri	11 cre	<u>w</u> :	on site,	···		
		<u> </u>	0710 550	<u> </u>	site.						
			0725 HE	7's o	n site.	·			·····		
			0740 FT	on s	site, we	meet	ta.	discuss :	salution t	for r	lugging bale
											bunks and 6"
			Casing		<i>j</i>						
			0830 FT6	an si i	4.						
	NA		0920 Tean	_		te					
							Sings	of steel	pibe whire	h are	: L=7.01, W=
			5.0.55'	Drive	shoe die	nensio	ns!	L=0.32',	00=0.6Z	', ID)=0.50',
<u></u>			drillers f	repare	to modi	<u>fy cas</u>	103	so that i	t may be	ren	roued if it
<u></u>	<u> </u>	1	does not	- wact	٠,						
ļ	ļ		0945 Drill	ers do	o PPE.						
			0957 Drille	rs ent	er zone.						
	<u> </u>		1001 Drille	cs place	e 6"ac.s.	<u>(esin</u>	into	bole and	the over	top B	notween the
	<u></u>		6"ecs cas	ins an	d the 8"	ب <u>۲.5 ه</u>	(95)	<u>z is 3,3</u>	3		
Report 8	y Mont	Ly Meh	horn	-						<u> </u>	
		•				Title	£T	<u></u>		Da	10 7-23-93
Signatur	· Iran	to The	Ula-			Signati	ire \ 2	M. Do	ser		
2.9.70101		0									

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Page ______ of _____

	93	Well Numb		Continuation of Report No.			
	(feet)	Drilling Method		<u> </u>			
-rom	To	(HT) (DB) (ST)	İ	C	escrip	tion of Operations/Remarks	
j +		(56) (51)	1010	Pull Z.8'; nuerlap	be	tween the 6"oc.s. casis	os and the R"acs
<u> </u>			casing	is:0.58'		crumbles	
,		<u> </u>	1012 [Cillers add 2 bas	3/22/	f Bentanite Overlap = -1. 3 Crumbles	32′
			1015 [Irillers add 2 bag		F Rentonite Chies overland Sylver Chips Bentonite Chips Querlap	ρ= 2,88'
			1018 D	rillers add 2 bag	s of	Bentonite chips overlap	= 6.48'
			1020 D	rillers add bag	07	f Bentonite crumples, over	rlap=8.78'
			lozu D	cillers add 3 bag	<u>s 0</u>	f Bentonite crumbles, ou	verlap=-0.32'
			1030 T	he overlap betwe	en	the 8"DC.S. casing and	the 6"oc.s.
1			_	4	tonit	e appears to be falling a	mund the 6"acs
	 	<u> </u>		into the crib.		A 7 1 C 1	
	 		1050 Da	illers place lange	<u>. bc</u>	ig and 1 bagsof bear	tonite into Dole.
	+-	 	1055 D	rillers tag hole	<u>potted</u>	om at 11.15, nuerlap = 5	.5.3
	+-					e 5.02' CASING lap = 2.96'	1 - 1 //
	NA					bentanite, / plastic sac	K, Querlap = 7.86
	N\A					6', hole bottom: 10.7'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
-			1111 Ha	d 1 Dag Of Grun	2 <i>5/4</i> 5	hale bottom: 7,2'	C 011
			,		mb!	es, pott Remove 5.02' of	8"00.5, CISING,
]	over - la	p = 6.0' pentonit	- ,	crumbles.	
			1121 Hd	d 2 bags of hole	/ 15	Just 7/23/93	
			•	llers leave zone	-00	lunch.	
		\		llers don PPE.	 -		u llam i l
			in the		; w	ork is delayed because	e the HPI is not
					loi II	ers remove 5' of 8"ac	s cosino
						ning 5.77 of 8 pc.s. cas	
				•		ld I bog of bentonite c	-
	· — _ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			•		ismantle drill rigand other	
			in the	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		The state of the s	0
					. 5	CA zone is downgrade	H to go RCA.
						decontaminate aquipmen	
		\	1405 Dr:	llers leave zone	1fte	r setting up equipment	+ for decog.
Report A	Mon	y Mehli			Revie	wed By T.W. Spicer	
ļ	eologis				Title	FTL-	Date 7-23-93
		Muhlho			Signa	nuro III Xpicer	
	<i>J</i>						

		CAB		D ACTIVITY REPOR' L RIG - CONTINUAT		Page 3 of 5
a(0	T	Weil Numbe)f	Continuation of Report No.		
·	93	199-B9-	4	7		
-	(feet)	Dritting Method		Des	scription of Operations/Remarks	
From	To	(HT) (DB) (ST)				·
			1425 H	PTs leque site.		
			Summ	ary:		
					ed from 22.2' to 0';	and the borehole
						71.48 of 8" to c.s. threader
			Casina	was removed fro	on the bole.	
			2. m	rterials used incl.	de 7.01' of 6"01.5	Casina, 2-50/b. box
			of he	stanite chins 121	pas of bentanile ha	Lasing, 2-50 lb. bags leplug, and 3/4 bag of
			Portlan	of cement (90/b).	J	7 J7
			3. Cor	tractor time con	nsisted of a 2.5 hr.	teamster delay a
	/				hr ofternoon delay	
	LT					
	NA					
	1	T				
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	1 /	 				
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	<u> </u>	+	 			
	1	1 10.	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
Report E	3y <i>[L]o</i> ri	Hy Meh	lhorn		Reviewed By T.W. 5 PIC	Date 7-23-92
Title	Gealos As	gist 1. As	'Slan		Title FT	Date 7-23-92
Signatur	re <u>Itlan</u>	15 /hil	Man		Signature 2.W. Ppcc	<u>~</u>

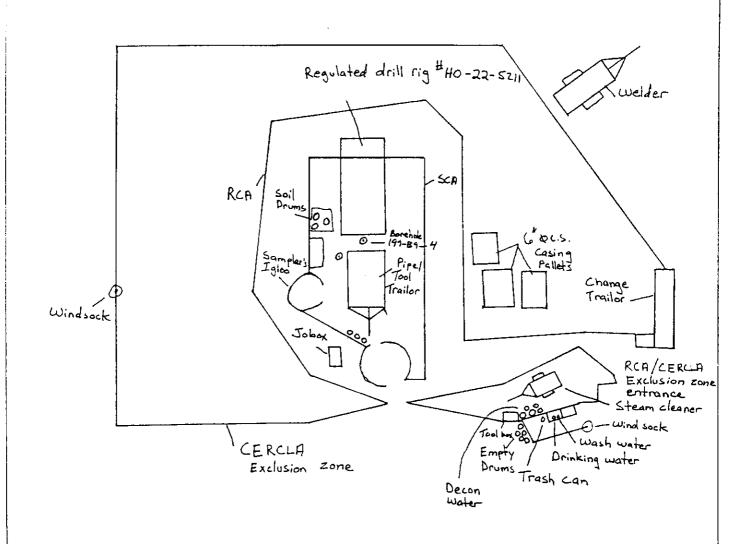
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FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT -DRAWING CONTINUATION PAGE

Page 4 of 5

-22-93

Wall Number 199-B1-4 Continuation of Report No.



199-89-4 Borehole Site, Project #100-BC-Z, 116-C-2a Crib

Not to scale

Report By Monty Mehlharn Tille Geologist Signature Monty Michel

Reviewed By T. W. SpiceR
Title FTL
Signature J.W. Spice

Outo 7-23-93

#18/Page 2	U OT	2.
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FIELD ACTIVITY REPORT - TUBULAR GOODS TALLY

Page _ 5 of _ 5

2-93	Well Numb 199-89		Continuation		t No.				
	Length (in feet)		Length (in feet)	Jt. No.	Length (in feet)	Jt. No.	Length (in feet)	Jt. No.	Length (in feet
	5.77'(w/sha	1	NIA	41	N/A	61	N/A	81	N/A
	5.00'(10.77')			42		62)	82	<u> </u>
3	5.02'(15.79')	23		43		63		83	
	5.02'(20.81')	24		44		64		84	
	5.0'(25.81')	25		45		65		85	
	5.0z'(30.83'	26		46		66		86	
	5.02'(35.85')	4		47		67		87	
	5.0z'(40.87')	l.		48		68		88	
	5.00'(45.87')			49		69		89	
	4.96 (50.83)	1		50		70		90	
	4.99'(55.82')			51		71		91	
12	.67'(54,49')			52		72		92	
13	NA	33		53		73		93	
14	\ .	34		54		74		94	
15		35		55		75		95	
16		36		56		76		96	
17		37		57		77		97	
18		38		58		78		98	
19	,	39		59		79		99	
20	V	40		60		80		100	
OTAL	56.491	TOTAL	V	TOTAL	. V	TOTAL	V	TOTAL	<u> </u>
EMAR	56.491 KS 8"& C.S. th	reacted			ш 11				

7-19-93, There is 1.0° of stickup on the 8"xc.s. threeded Casing, which is set at 54.22'

9

Total for Page:	56.49 FT
Total for Page:	N/A FT
Total for Page:	NIA FT
Total for Page:	N/A FT
Total (All)	56.49 FT

TALLY PAGE NO.

Report By Monty Mehlhorn	Reviewed By T. W. Spices	
	Title FIL	Date 7-23-93
1	Signature J. W. Mices	
Signature 22 Stranger		

			···					- #18/Pa (je 21	of 21
		FI			TY REPORT	-			Page	1 of
		I			Rig No. HO- Col		/I- OI N-	Start Card N		Report No.
Date Weil 7-23-93 /99	No. - <i>B9-4</i>		Rig Model BE 22		22-52// E	R 39	31	081666	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8
Purpose Establish th	ne Wert	tical	Extent	of	Contaminat	ion	HP-126,	Reu.O	116-	Z-2a Crib
Casing Size Se	ot At	Туре	Shoe S	Size	Casing Start Dep	oth Ca	ising End Depth	Star	t Time	0700
	NA -				Depth Started		pth Ended N#	Enc	Time	1530 3.0 hrs
Reference/Measuris	ng Point				Total Shift Foots			F		
Ground Si	urface				N/	7		Tota	i Time	8.Shrs
Meterials Used			•		Contract	Line It	ems	Personnel		
					br. morning S br. K.E.L			TPRLR: L.L	yatkir	Lic No. <u>1271</u> 13
					5 hr. Lunch		Tyrin Barrey	1 Uther:)/S617	
	NF)		~	S AC. FUNCE	<u></u>		FTL: T.S.	ator	
				-				GEO: M.I HPT: K.H	Mehih. acteli	orn
					N \	P		-		.03
								1		
Depth (feet)	Drilling			ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ				4		
Depth (/ee/)	Method HT				Desci	ription a	f Operations/Ren	narks		
From To	DB ST									
		070	oo Gee	ologi	st and drill	درو	u an site	·		
	<u> </u>	1		~	site.					·
		080	o Deille	cz b	egin work	outsi	do of zone	<u>.</u>		******
		08/5	5 HPT 0	n si	te Drillers	حمطن	nue de mo	bilization	act:	ties and
		beg	in decor	apa m	inating 8"0	c.s. f	hreaded co	esing.		<u>. </u>
		093	8 Deille	ناع	nforms me	the	t casing a	lecon is	de	layed
	<u> </u>	beo	lause o	f s	team clean	oc p	oblems			<u> </u>
N/A		102	3 Driller	s lea	our site for	<u> </u>	H. Sofety 1	neeting; (asio	g decon is
		Com	plete.							
			1	leave	site.					
	<u> </u>				eques site.	<u>.</u>	<u> </u>			
						/	P			
Report By Mon	ty Meh	thern			Re	viewed	By	piceR		
Title Geolo	,				Tit	io F	T/	,	Da	nte 7-26-93
Signature Man					ei.	anature'	1.W. D.	sièce		
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BC-6000-290 (3/93)

Control Number	100 NPL Agreem Change X Operable Unit(s	Agreement			Date Submi 6/23/93 Date Appro	
Document Number & Title	<u> </u>	<u></u>	Date Do	ocument Las	t Issued	
100 HR-3 Reduced	d Sample List			N/A		
Originator			Phone			
S. E. Vukelich			376-51	158	·	
Summary Description			<u>.</u> .			
See Attached.				•		
				• •		
			in the second of	Z. 2002		
.						
P. 1						
Justification and Impac	ct of Change					
_						
2			1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
6			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	. 	; · · · · .	. •
Steve Julihih.	Steve Inkelich	6/23/9:	3 4/23/	13		•
WHC Operable Unit Coord	dinator	Date 6/24/4	13	Omius kažas sia	The second of th	•
DOE Unit Manager	2	Date	100	•	•	
Lead Regulatory Unit Ma	anager	Date Date	<u>73</u>			
Per Action Plan for Imp Agreement Section 9.3	plementation of t	he Hanford	Consent (Order and (Compliance	

June 18, 1993

100 HR-3 REDUCED SAMPLE LIST

Introduction Groundwater wells in the 100 HR-3 Operable Unit have been sampled for 3 rounds for a full list of analytes. This list included volatile and semi-volatile organics, pesticides/PCB's, cyanide, mercury, metals, radionuclides, anions and hydrazine. The results of these 3 rounds of analyses have identified constituents not present in the groundwater and identified contaminants of concern in the 100 HR-3 Operable Unit. This reduced sample list proposes to only sample for the contaminants of concern within each reactor area within the Operable Unit.

Proposed Sample List

S

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Analyte	D/DR Reactor	H Reactor	600 Area
ICP Metals	X	Χ	Х
Anions/Cations	X	X	X
Gross Alpha	X	X	X
Gross Beta	Х	X	X
Tritium	Х	X	X
Strontium-90	X	X	X
Technetium-99		X	-
Uranium-235		Χ	
Uranium-238		Χ	-

Distribution Unit Manager's Meeting: 100 Aggregate Area/100 Area Operable Units July 28, 1993

Julie K. Erickson /Eric GollerDOE-RL, ERD (A5-19)Mike ThompsonDOE-RL, EAP/RPB (A5-19)Diane ClarkDOE-RL, TSD/SSB (A5-55)Heather TrumbleDOE-RL, OTD/FTB (A5-19)Steve BaloneDOE-HQ (EM-442)
Dennis Faulk
Ward Staubitz, USGS Support to EPA
Audree DeAngeles, PRC Support to EPA
Jack Donnelly 100 Aggregate Area Manager, WDOE (Kennewick)
Larry Goldstein
Lynn Albin
Tom Wintczak, WHC Program Manager (H6-27)
Tom Wintczak, WHC
,
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27) Chris Widrig, PNL (Please route to:) (K1-21)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27) Chris Widrig, PNL (Please route to:) (K1-21) Wayne Martin, PNL (K1-19)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27) Chris Widrig, PNL (Please route to:) (K1-21) Wayne Martin, PNL (K1-19) Mark Hanson, PNL (K1-51)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27) Chris Widrig, PNL (Please route to:) (K1-21) Wayne Martin, PNL (K1-19) Mark Hanson, PNL (K1-51) Roy Gephart, PNL (K1-22)
Mel Adams, WHC /A.D. Krug, WHC (H6-02) (H6-01) Bob Henckel, WHC (H6-02) L.D. Arnold, WHC (B2-35) Diana Sickle, WHC (H6-27) Chris Widrig, PNL (Please route to:) (K1-21) Wayne Martin, PNL (K1-19) Mark Hanson, PNL (K1-51) Roy Gephart, PNL (K1-22) Steve Slate, PNL (K1-19)

S

Original Sent to: ADMINISTRATIVE RECORD: 100 AAMS; Care of EDMC, WHC (H6-08)



Please inform Suzanne Clarke (376-8189) or Kay Kimmel (376-1985) of Mactec/Dames & Moore of deletions or additions to the distribution list.